The Globe.

WM. LEWIS, HUGH LINDSAY, Publishers. —PERSEVERE.— TERMS, $2,00 a year in advance.

VOL. XXIII. HUNTINGDON, PA., WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1867. NO. 8.

TERMS OF THE GLOBE.

Per annum in advance.....$2 00
Six months.....1 00
Three months.....50

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

	1 insertion.	2 do.	3 do.
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Estray, or other short Notices.....1 50

☞Ten lines of nonpareil make a square. About eight words constitute a line, so that any person can easily calculate a square in manuscript.

Advertisements not marked with the number of insertions desired, will be continued till forbid and charged according to these terms.

Our prices for the printing of Blanks, Handbills, etc. are reasonably low,

PROFESSIONAL & BUSINESS CARDS

DR R. R WIESTLING most respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity.
Office that of the late Dr. Snare. mch13-1y*

DR. A. B. BRUMBAUGH,
Having permanently located at Huntingdon, offers his professional services to the community.
Office, the same as that lately occupied by Dr. Luden on Hill street. ap10,1866

DR. JOHN McCULLOCH, offers his professional services to the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity. Office on Hill street, one door east of Reed's Drug Store. Aug. 28, '55.

R. ALLISON MILLER,
DENTIST,
Has removed to the Brick Row opposite the Court House.
April 13, 1859.

J. E. GREENE, DENTIST.
Office removed to Leister's New Building, Hill street, Huntingdon.
July 31, 1867.

EXCHANGE HOTEL.

THE subscribers having leased this Hotel, lately occupied by Mr. McNulty, are prepared to accommodate strangers, travelers, and citizens in good style. Every effort shall be made on our part to make all who stop with us feel at home. AULTZ & FEE,
may2,1866 Proprietors.

WASHINGTON HOTEL.

The undersigned respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon county and the traveling public generally that he has leased the Washington House on the corner of Hill and Charles street, in the borough of Huntingdon, and he is prepared to accommodate all who may favor him with a call. Will be pleased to receive a liberal share of public patronage.
AUGUSTUS LETTERMAN.
July 31, '67–tf.

MORRISON HOUSE,
Huntingdon, Pa.

I HAVE purchased and entirely renovated the large stone and brick building opposite the Pennsylvania Railroad Depot, and have now opened it for the accommodation of the traveling public. The Carpets, Furniture, Beds and Bedding are all entirely new and first class, and I am safe in saying that I can offer accommodations not excelled in Central Pennsylvania.
☞I refer to my patrons who have formerly known me while in charge of the Broad Top City Hotel and Jackson House. JOSEPH MORRISON.
May 16, 1866–tf.

A. C. CLARKE, AGENT,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of
SEGARS & TOBACCO,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
Next door to the Franklin House, in the Diamond.
Country trade supplied. ap17'67

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

AARON STEWARD,
WATCHMAKER, Successor to Geo. W. Swartz, has opened at his old stand on Hill street, opposite Brown's hardware store, a stock of all kinds of goods belonging to the trade
Watch and Clock Repairing promptly attended to by practical workman.
Huntingdon, April 10-6m

MILTON S LYTLE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
Prompt attention given to all legal business entrusted to his care. Claims of soldiers and soldiers' heirs against the Government collected without delay. sep2'66

K. ALLEN LOVELL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
Prompt attention will be given to all legal business entrusted to his care. Military and other claims of soldiers and their heirs against the State or Government collected without delay.
OFFICE—In the brick Row, opposite the Court House
Jan.1,1867

R. McMURTRIE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office on Hill street. HUNTINGDON, PA.
Prompt attention will be given to the prosecution of the claims of soldiers and soldiers' heirs, against the Government. au22,1866

JOHN SCOTT, SAMUEL T. BROWN, JOHN M. BAILEY

The name of this firm has been changed from SCOTT & BROWN, to
SCOTT, BROWN & BAILEY,
under which name they will hereafter conduct their practice as
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, HUNTINGDON, PA.
PENSIONS, and all claims of soldiers and soldiers' heirs against the Government, will be promptly prosecuted.
May 17, 1865–tf.

AGENCY,
FOR COLLECTING SOLDIERS CLAIMS, BOUNTY, BACK PAY AND PENSIONS.

ALL who may have any claims against the Government for Bounty, Back Pay and Pensions, can have their claims promptly collected by applying either in person or by letter to
W. H. WOODS,
Attorney at Law,
Huntingdon, Pa.
August 12, 1868.

JOHN BARE, W. H. WOODS, P. M. BARE, W. P. M'LAUGHLIN

JOHN BARE, & CO., Bankers,
Huntingdon, Pa.

Solicit accounts from Banks, Bankers & others. Interest allowed on Deposits. All kinds of Securities, bought and sold for the usual commission. Special attention given to Government Securities. Collections made on all points.
Persons depositing Gold and Silver will receive the same in return with interest.
Oct. 17, 1866–tf.

Gratuitous Advertisements.

[The following Cards are published gratuitously. Merchants and business men generally who advertise liberally in the columns of THE GLOBE for six months or longer, will have their Cards inserted here during the continuance of their advertisement. Otherwise, special Business Cards inserted at the usual rates.]

DR. WM. BREWSTER, Huntingdon. [Cures by Electropathy.]

B. M. GREENE, Dealer in Music, musical Instruments, Sewing Machines, Huntingdon.

DONNELL & KLINE, PHOTOGRAPHERS, Huntingdon, Pa.

WM. LEWIS, Dealer in Books, Stationery and Musical Instruments. Huntingdon, Pa.

H. GREENBERG, Merchant Tailor, Huntingdon, Pa.

M'CAHAN & SON, proprietors of Juniata Steam Pearl Mill, Huntingdon.

J. M. GREENE & F. O. BEAVER, Plain and Ornamental Marble Manufacturers.

WM. WILLIAMS, Plain and Ornamental Marble Manufacturer.

JAMES HIGGENS, Manufacturer of Furniture and Cabinet Ware, Huntingdon, Pa

J. M WISE, Manufacturer of Furniture, &c. Huntingdon. Undertaking attended to

WHARTON & MAGUIRE, Wholesale and retail dealers in foreign and domestic Hardware, Cutlery, &c, Railroad street, Huntingdon.

JAMES A. BROWN, Dealer in Hardware, Cutlery, Paints, Oils, &c., Huntingdon, Pa.

WM. AFRICA, Dealer in Boots and Shoes, in the Diamond, Huntingdon, Pa.

JOHN H. WESTBROOK, Dealer in Boots, Shoes, Hosiery, Confectionery, Huntingdon.

GEO. SHAEFFER, dealer in Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, &c., Huntingdon.

A. L. LEWIS, Wholesale and retail Merchant, Leister's New Building, Huntingdon.

JOHNSTON & WATTSON, Merchants, Main st., east of Washington Hotel, Huntingdon

GLAZIER & BRO, Retail Merchants, Washington st., near the jail, Huntingdon.

ZYENTER, Dealer in Groceries and Provisions of all kinds, Huntingdon, Pa.

ROHM & MILLER, Dealers in Dry Goods, Queensware, Groceries, Huntingdon.

WM. MARCH & BRO. Dealers in Dry Goods, Queensware, Hardware, Boots, Shoes, &c.

CUNNINGHAM & CARMON, Merchants, Huntingdon, Pa.

H. ROMAN, Dealer in Ready Made Clothing, Hats and Caps,

D. P. GWIN, Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, &c. Huntingdon

S. E. HENRY & CO., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, and Provisions of all kinds, Huntingdon.

ENVELOPES—By the box, pack, or less quantity, for sale at LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

☞For neat JOB PRINTING, call at the "GLOBE JOB PRINTING OFFICE," at Huntingdon, Pa

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE.
WM. AFRICA
Informs the public that he has just opened at his old stand in the Diamond, Huntingdon,
A Fine Assortment of all kinds of
BOOTS AND SHOES,
For Ladies, Gentlemen and Children.
All of which he will sell at fair prices. Quick sales and small profits. Call and examine my stock.
Manufacturing and Repairing done to order as usual.
Huntingdon, May 1, 1867.

GEO. SHAEFFER
Has just returned from the east with a
SPLENDID STOCK
OF
BOOTS, SHOES, GAITERS, &C.,
Which he offers to the inspection of his customers and the public generally. He will sell his stock at the most
REASONABLE PRICES,
and those who purchase once will surely call again.
BOOTS & SHOES MADE TO ORDER,
and REPAIRING done in the neatest and most expeditious manner.
Call upon Mr. Schaeffer at his shop on Hill street, a few doors west of the Diamond. my2

LUMBER SOLD ON COMMISSION.
S. E HENRY & CO.,
Are receiving all kinds of LUMBER, comprising all the different grades of
BOARDS,
FRAME STUFF,
JOINT AND BAP SHINGLES,
PLASTERING LATH,
PLANK,
WORKED FLOORING,
WEATHER BOARDING,
FENCING,
RAILING, &c., &c., &c.
Which will be sold at prices at the mill, with freight loaded. no7

IF YOU WANT
A GOOD PHOTOGRAPH LIKENESS,
CALL AT
DONNELL & KLINE'S
PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY
On Hill Street, two doors west of Lewis' Book Store.
CALL AND SEE SPECIMENS.
Huntingdon, Oct 4, '65–tf.

MONEY!
ECONOMY IS MONEY SAVED!
The subscriber is permanently located in Huntingdon, and is prepared to purchase, or repair in the best style, and expeditiously, broken UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS.
All articles intrusted to him will be returned to the residence of the owner as soon as repaired. Umbrellas and parasols for repair can be left at his residence on St. Clair street near Benedict's.
may2,1866tf WM. FENTIMAN.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.—A good assortment of miscellaneous and School Books—Foolscap, Letter, Commercial and Note Paper—Plain and Fancy Envelopes—Red, Blue and Black Inks—Blank Books of numerous sizes—Pens, Pencils, Pocket and Desk Inkstands, and every other article usually found in a Book and Stationery Store, can be had at fair prices at LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE.

HAMS. HAMS.
Plain and canvas sugar cured Hams—the best in market—whole or sliced, for sale at
Lewis' Family Grocery.

COFFEES, SUGARS AND TEAS.
ALL THE CHOICE KINDS FOR SALE
At Lewis' Family Grocery.

SOAPS AND CANDLES.
Washing and Toilet Soaps—the best kinds—for sale at
LEWIS & CO'S FAMILY GROCERY.

EVERY FAMILY
Will find at Lewis' Family Grocery, every article usually kept in first class Grocery stores. Call for what you want.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS!
Lovering's Best and other syrups, New Orleans, Porto Rico and Sugar House Molasses, for sale at Lewis Family Grocery.

BUSINESS MEN, TAKE NOTICE!
If you want your card neatly printed on envelopes, call at
LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STEOR.

CASSIMERES.—A choice lot of Black and fancy Cassimeres at
CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

ALL KINDS OF TOBACCO
Wholesale and retail, at
CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

CHEESE. CHEESE.
The best always for sale at
LEWIS' FAMILY GROCERY.

ALL KINDS OF CRACKERS
constantly on hand at
CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

The Globe.
HUNTINGDON, PA.

THE OLD MAID'S WISH.

Oh, weave no wedding wreath for me,
But make a good, strong cup of tea.
Connubial joys are all too light;
In these could I take no delight.
An easy chair, a book to read,
A poodle which is all I need.
Then weave no wedding wreath for me,
But set the kettle on for tea.

Let foolish girls delight in beaux,
Mustaches black, and broadcloth clothes.
Bright boots, of patent leather sheen,
And starched cravats, blue, pink, and green.
One fig Priscilla would not give
For any "feller" that doth live.
Then weave no wedding wreath for me,
But put the kettle on for tea.

Then let the servant girl prepare
A supper good with needful care,
And steep the aromatic leaves
From China brought, (as she believes)
Then shall my laugh with triumph tell,
And when I hear the supper bell
I'll cry, "No wedding wreath for me,
But come and take a cup of tea."

The Removal of General Sheridan.

Correspondence Between the President and General Grant.

President Johnson to General Grant.

EXECUTIVE MANSION, WASHINGTON, D. C., August 17, 1867.—Dear Sir:—Before you issue instructions to carry into effect the enclosed order, I would be pleased to hear any suggestions you may deem necessary respecting the assignment to which the order refers.

Truly yours, ANDREW JOHNSON.

Gen. U. S. Grant, Secretary of War *ad interim.*

The Order of Removal.

EXECUTIVE MANSION, WASHINGTON, D. C., August 17, 1867.—Major-General George H. Thomas is hereby assigned to the command of the Fifth Military District, created by the act of Congress passed on the second day of March, 1867.

Major-General P. H. Sheridan is hereby assigned to the command of the Missouri.

Major-General Winfield S Hancock is hereby assigned to the command of the Department of the Cumberland.

The Secretary of War *ad interim* will give the necessary instructions to carry this order into effect.

ANDREW JOHNSON.

General Grant to President Johnson.

HEADQUARTERS ARMIES OF THE UNITED STATES WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 17, 1867.—His Excellency Andrew Johnson, President of the United States—Sir:—I am in receipt of your order of this date, directing the assignment of Gen. G. H. Thomas to the command of the Fifth Military District, General Sheridan to the Department of the Missouri, and General Hancock to the Department of the Cumberland; also your note of this date (enclosing those instructions), saying, "Before you issue instructions to carry into effect the enclosed order, I would be pleased to hear any suggestions you may deem necessary respecting the assignments to which the order refers."

I am pleased to avail myself of this invitation to urge, earnestly urge—urge in the name of a patriotic people who have sacrificed hundreds of thousands of loyal lives, and thousands of millions of treasure to preserve the integrity and union of this country—that this order be not insisted on. It is unmistakably the expressed wish of the country that General Sheridan should not be removed from his present command. This is a republic where the will of the people is the law of the land. I beg that their voice may be heard.

General Sheridan has performed his civil duties faithfully and intelligently. His removal will only be regarded as an effort to defeat the laws of Congress. It will be interpreted by the unreconstructed element in the South—those who did all they could to break up this Government by arms, and now wish to be the only element consulted as to the method of restoring order—as a triumph. It will embolden them to renewed opposition to the will of the loyal masses, believing that they have the Executive with them.

The services of General Thomas in battling for the Union entitle him to some consideration. He has repeatedly entered his protest against being assigned to either of the five military districts, and especially to being assigned to relieve General Sheridan.

General Hancock ought not to be removed from where he is. His department is a complicated one, which will take a new commander some time to become acquainted with. There are military reasons, and, above all, patriotic reasons, why this order should not be insisted on.

I beg to refer to a letter, marked private, which I wrote to the President when first consulted on the subject of the change in the War Department. It bears upon the subject of this removal, and I had hoped would have prevented it.

I have the horor to be, with great respect, your obedient servant,

U. S. GRANT, General United States Army, and Secretary of War *ad interim.*

President Johnson to General Grant.

EXECUTIVE MANSION, WASHINGTON, D. C., August 19, 1867.—General:—I have received your communication of the 17th inst., and thank you for the promptness with which you have submitted your views respecting the assignments directed in my order of that date. When I stated, in my unofficial note of the 17th, that I would be pleased to hear any suggestions you might deem necessary upon the subject, it was not my intention to ask from you a formal report, but rather to invite a verbal statement of any reason affecting the pubic interests which, in your opinion, would render the order inexpedient. Inasmuch, however, as you have embodied your suggestions in a written communication, it is proper that I should make some reply.

You earnestly urge that the order be not insisted on, remarking that "it is unmistakably the expressed wish of the country that General Sheridan should not be removed from his present command." While I am cognizant of the efforts that have been made to retain General Sheridan in command of the Fifth Military District, I am not aware that the question has ever been submitted to the people themselves for determination. It certainly would be unjust to the army to assume that, in the opinion of the nation, he alone is capable of commanding the States of Louisiana and Texas, and that, were he for any cause removed, no other general in the military service of the United States would be competent to fill his place. General Thomas, whom I have designated his successor, is well known to the country. Having won high and honorable distinction in the field, he has since in the execution of the responsible duties of a department commander, exhibited great ability, sound discretion, and sterling patriotism. He has not failed, under the most trying circumstances, to enforce the laws, to preserve peace and order, to encourage the restoration of civil authority, and to promote, as far as possible, a spirit of reconciliation. His administration of the Department of the Cumberland will certainly compare most favorably with that of General Sheridan in the Fifth Military District. There affairs appear to be in a disturbed condition, and a bitter spirit of antagonism seems to have resulted from General Sheridan's management. He has rendered himself exceedingly obnoxious by the manner in which he has exercised even the powers conferred by Congress, and still more so by a resort to authority not granted by law nor necessary to its faithful and efficient execution. His rule has, in fact, been one of absolute tyranny, without reference to the principles of our Government or the nature of our free institutions. The state of affairs which has resulted from the course he has pursued has seriously interfered with a harmonious, satisfactory and speedy execution of the acts of Congress, and is alone sufficient to justify a change. His removal, therefore, cannot "be regarded as an effort to defeat the laws of Congress;" for the object is to facilitate their execution through an officer who has never failed to obey the statutes of the land, and to exact, within his jurisdiction, a like obedience from others. It cannot "be interpreted by the unreconstructed element in the South—those who did all they could to break up this Government by arms, and now wish to be the only element consulted as to the method of restoring order—as a triumph;" for, as intelligent men, they must know that the mere change of military commanders cannot alter the law, and that General Thomas will be as much bound by its requirements as General Sheridan. It cannot "embolden them to renewed opposition to the will of the loyal masses, believing that they have the Executive with them; for they are perfectly familiar with the antecedents of the President, and know that he has not obstructed the faithful execution of any act of Congress.

No one, as you are aware, has a higher appreciation than myself of the services of General Thomas, and no one would be less inclined to assign him to a command not entirely to his wishes. Knowing him as I do, I cannot think that he will hesitate for a moment to obey any order having in view a complete and speedy restoration of the Union, in the preservation of which he has rendered such important and valuable services.

General Hancock, known to the whole country as a gallant, able, and patriotic soldier, will, I have no doubt, sustain his high reputation in any position to which he may be assigned. If, as you observe, the department which he will have is a complicated one, I feel confident that, under the guidance and instructions of General Sherman, General Sheridan will soon become familiar with its necessities, and will avail himself of the opportunity afforded by the Indian troubles for the display of the energy, enterprise, and daring which gave him so enviable a reputation during our recent civil struggle.

In assuming that it is the expressed wish of the people that General Sheridan should not be removed from his present command, you remark that "this is a republic where the will of the people is the law of the land," and "beg that their voice may be heard." This is indeed a republic, based, however, upon a written Constitution. That Constitution is the combined and expressed will of the people, and their voice is law when reflected in the manner which that instrument prescribes. While one of its provisions makes the President Commander-in-Chief of the army and navy, another requires that "he shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed." Believing that a change in the command of the Fifth Military District is absolutely necessary for a faithful execution of the laws, I have issued the order which is the subject of this correspondence; and in thus exercising a power that inheres in the Executive, under the Constitution, as Commander-in-Chief of the military and naval forces, I am discharging a duty required of me by the will of the nation, as formally declared in the supreme law of the land. By his oath the Executive is solemnly bound, "to the best of his ability, to preserve, protect, and defend the Constitution," and although in times of great excitement it may be lost to public view, it is his duty, without regard to the consequences to himself, to hold sacred and to enforce any and all of its provisions. Any other course would lead to the destruction of the republic, for the Constitution once abolished, there would be no Congress for the exercise of legislative powers, no Executive to see that the laws are faithfully executed, no Judiciary to afford to the citizens protection for life, limb and property. Usurpation would inevitably follow, and a despotism be fixed upon the people in violation of their combined and expressed will.

In conclusion, I fail to perceive any "military," "pecuniary," or "patriotic reasons" why this order should not be carried into effect. You will remember that in the first instance I did not consider General Sheridan the most suitable officer for the command of the Fifth Military District. This has strengthened my convictions upon this point, and has led me to the conclusion that patriotic considerations demand that he should be superseded by an officer who, while he will faithfully execute the law, will at the same time give more general satisfaction to the whole people, white and black, North and South.

I am, General, very respectfully yours, ANDREW JOHNSON.

Gen. U. S. Grant, Secretary of War *ad interim.*

A LUDICROUS SCENE.—Bishop H. U. Onderdonk was consecrated in Christ Church, Philadelphia, in 1827. At that time, there was nearly opposite to the church a very well-kept tavern of high repute. It had attached to it a spacious yard, which was used occasionally for the exhibition of "show beef," or very fat cattle. It so happened that on the day of consecration—the 25th of October—"a mammoth ox" was to be on exhibition at the tavern. A very worthy agriculturist of an adjoining county, and withal a very earnest Episcopalian, who deemed it little else than heresy to deny Episcopacy, or to attend any other than an Episcopal church, forgetting all about the consecration, had brought his little son of five years of age to the city to see the "big ox." Just as he reached Arch Street, Christ Church bells struck up their jubilant chimes in honor of the occasion (not of the exhibition, but of the consecration.) Every peal smote upon the conscience of the worthy Mr. D——, because he had forgotton the consecration of the new Bishop, and had remembered only the ox; so, with a heavy conscience, but not a word to to his son, whose little head was full with the prospective show, he hastened past the tavern and entered the church. Presently the organ began, and the Bishops, with the officiating Presbyters, entered the chancel arrayed in their official robes; the candidate, a very stout man, standing in the aisle vested only in white—the rochet. Mr. D——'s little boy was perched upon the seat of the pew, and viewed the proceeding with open mouth and eyes as widely open. Soon as the organ ceased, little D——called out so as to be heard over the church, "Pa! Pa! where's the ox?—there's the butchers!"

HOW TO PROSPER IN BUSINESS.—In the first place, make up your mind to accomplish whatever you undertake; decide upon some particular employment; persevere in it. All difficulties are overcome by diligence and assiduity. Be not afraid to work with your own hands, and diligently, too. "A cat in gloves catches no mice." "He who remains in the mill grinds not he who goes and comes." Attend to your business, and never trust it to another. "A pot that belongs to many is ill stirred and worse boiled." Be frugal. "That which will not make a pot will make a pot-lid." "Save the pence and the pounds will take care of themselves." Be abstemious. "Who dainties love shall beggars prove." Rise early. "The sleeping fox catches no poultry." "Plough deep while sluggards sleep, and you will have corn to sell and keep." Treat every one with respect and civility. "Everything is gained, and nothing lost, by courtesy." Good manners insure success. Never anticipate wealth from any other source than labor; especially never place dependence upon becoming the possessor of an inheritance. "He who waits for dead men's shoes may have to go for a long time barefoot." "He who runs after a shadow has a wearisome race." Above all things, never despair. "God is where He was." "Heaven helps those who help themselves." Follow implicity these precepts, and nothing can hinder you from prospering.

IN SEASON.—While Helmbold's advertising agent was putting up his mammoth poster in New Haven, Conn., on a large board near a bookstore, a richly dressed young lady, evidently one of the "shoddy," seeing the advertisement, and supposing it to be a circus or concert, stepped into a bookstore where tickets are usually sold to such entertainments, and asked the clerk for "Two tickets to Helmbold's Buchu." Of course the polite clerk explained the matter as well as possible, and the lady retired amid the suppressed laughter of several "bloods" who were present.

☞"Ma, if you will give me a peach I will be a good boy."

"No, my child, you must not be good for pay; that is not right."

"You don't want me to be *good for nothing*, do you?"

☞The number of homœopathic physicians reported in the United States at present is said to be 3637, as compared with 46 physicians of that school in 1848.

The Lover and the Husband.

In his "Dream of Life" Ik Marvel thus sketches, in a pleasant vein, and with those self-conceited, humanizing incidents which have ever gained the laughter and good will of the world, the lover and the newly married man:

You grow unusually amiable and kind; you are in earnest in your search for friends; you shake hands with your office-boy as if he were your second cousin. You joke cheerfully with your washerwoman, and give her a shilling overchange and insist upon her keeping it. You tap your hackman on the shoulder very familiarly; you tell him he is a capital fellow; and you don't allow him to whip his horses, except when driving to the post office. You even ask him to take a glass of beer with you on some chilly evening. You drink to the health of his wife, whereupon you drink him a very miserable man, and give him a dollar by way of consolation.

You think that all the editorials in morning papers are remarkably well written whether upon your side or upon another. You think the stock market has a very cheerful look, with Erie, of which you are a large holder, down to seventy-five. You wonder why you never admired Mrs. Hemons, before, or Stoddard, or any of the rest.

You give a pleasant twirl of your fingers as you saunter along the street, and say—but not so loud as to be overheard—"She is mine! is mine!"

You wonder if Frank ever loved Nelly one half as well as you love Madge? You feel quite sure he never did. You can hardly conceive how it is, that Madge has not been seized before now by scores of enamored men, and borne off, like the Sabine women in Roman history. You chuckle over your future like a boy who has found a guinea in groping for a sixpence. You read over the marriage service, thinking of the time when you will take her hand and slip the ring upon her finger, and repeat after the clergymen, "for richer, for poorer, for better, for worse!" A great deal of "worse" there will be about it, you think!

Through all your heart clings to that one sweet image of the beloved Madge as light cleaves to-day. The weeks leap up with a bound; and the months only grow long when you approach that day that is to make her yours. There are no flowers rare enough to make boquets for her; diamond are to dim for her to wear; pearls are tame!

And after marriage the weeks are even shorter than before; you wonder why on earth all the single men in the world do not rush tumultuously to the altar. You look upon them all as a traveled man will look upon some conceited Dutch boor, who has never been beyond the limit of his cabbage garden. Married men, on the contrary, you regard as fellow-voyagers, and look upon their wives—ugly as they may be—as better than none.

You blush a little at first telling your butcher what "your wife" would like; you bargain with the grocer for sugars and teas, and wonder if he knows you are a married man. You practice your new way of talking upon your office-boy; you tell him that "your wife" expects him to dinner, and are astonished that he does not stare at you to hear you say it.

You wonder if the people in the omnibus knew that you and Madge are just married; and if the driver knows the shilling you hand him is for "self and wife?" You wonder if anybody was ever so happy before, or ever will be so happy again?

You enter your name upon the Hotel book as Clarence —— and lady; and come back to look at it, wondering if anybody else had noticed it, and thinking that it looks remarkably well. You cannot help thinking that every third man you meet in the hall wishes he possessed your wife—nor do you think it very sinful in him to wish it. You fear it is placing temptation in the way of covetous men to put Madge's little gaiter outside the chamber door at night.

Your home, when it is entered, is just what it should be—quite small, with everything she wishes. The sun strikes it in the happiest possible way, the piano is the sweetest possible toned in the world, the library is stocked to a charm, and Madge—that blessed wife—is there, adorning and giving life to it all. To think, even, of her possible death is a suffering you class with the fortunes of the Inquisition. You grow twain of heart and purpose. Smiles seem made of marriage and you wonder how you were one before.

A WORD TO HUSBANDS.—Has anybody ever written upon the responsibility which rests upon a husband with regard to the education of his wife? We know what you will say about her being supposed to have "finished her education" before marriage, and all that; and yet you and we know that she begins as new an education with him as if she had never seen the alphabet. His views, feelings, his ideas, are they nothing to her, if she loves him? Years after, when they who "know her as a girl," come to talk with the matron, do they not find her husband reflected in every sentence, either for good or evil? Of course the more strongly a woman loves the more complete is her own identity is absorbed in her husband's. This is a point which is too much neglected by married men. A good husband is almost certain to have a good wife; and if she be "not so good as he could wish" at the commencement of their married life, he can soon educate her up to the proper mark. And, on the other hand, he can so educate her down as to render his house a purgatory, and, perhaps, bring upon himself and family the greatest agony and keenest pangs of disgrace which a husband or children can feel.

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JOB PRINTING OFFICE.

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HE HAD HIM.—Some years ago, in a town not far from the shores of Fort Erie, lived a shoemaker named A., and a ship carpenter named B. The shoemaker was a very knowing man. He knew so much about everybody's business, that he didn't attend properly to his own, and was often a witness at court. It was his custom to work at stated times, only to disappoint his customers when the day came around. The carpenter B. ordered a pair of boots, with the usual promise from A. that they would be done on a certain day. The day came, and with it came B. He didn't get the boots, but instead received another promise. The next and repeated visits brought a repetition of the promise, but no boots. Finally, one day the carpenter happened in at the court room just as the unreliable shoemaker was being sworn as a witness in some case. The magistrate had barely pronounced the words, "You do solemnly swear that you will testify to the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth, so help you God," when the carpenter sang out at the top of his voice, "Now, old fellow, I've got you just where I want you. Now, sir, tell me when my boots will be done." His boots were done the next time he called.

SUCCESS IN LIFE.—In no department of life do men rise to eminence who have not undergone a long and diligent preparation; for whatever be the difference in the mental powers of individuals, it is the cultivation of the mind alone that leads to distinction. John Hunter was as remarkable for his industry as for his talents, of which his museum forms a most extraordinary proof. If we look around and contemplate the history of those men whose talents and acquirements we most esteem, we find that their superiority of knowledge has been the result of great labor and diligence. It is an ill-founded notion to say that merit in the long run is neglected. It is sometimes joined to circumstances that may have a little influence in counteracting it, as an unfortunate manner and temper; but it generally meets with its due reward. The world are not fools—every person of merit has the best chance of success; and who would be ambitious of public approbation if it had not the power of discriminating?

AN ELOQUENT PREACHER.—When Indiana was little more than a wilderness, when Gospel-fire was poured out in great abundance, and rhetorical figures commanded a high premium among youthful preachers. Mr. Smythe was selected to preach a sunday sermon at a campmeeting. The audience was large, and the occasion demanded an extraordinary effort. Smythe was just entering upon his theological career, and the first steps were of the greatest importance. At the appointed hour Smythe took the stand, and after the usual preliminaries, opened up as follows:

"Brethren and sisters, ladies and gentlemen, if I had the world for a pulpit, the stars for an audience, my head towering far above the loftiest clouds, my arms swinging throughout immensity, and my tongue sending forth the clarion notes of Gabriel, I'd set one foot on Greenland's icy mountains, and the other on India's coral strand, and—and—I'd —I'd—I'd howl like a wolf."

☞Young man, if it should ever be your fortune to hear a woman declare that she never sews, beware! Shun her as you would the chills and fever. Be insane enough to make such a one your wife, and, before the honey-moon is over, the horrors of buttonless shirts and hose full of holes will be upon you; your fair lady's sewing will be done by others, while she mopes in idleness or riots in fashionable dissipation. Then you may well bid farewell to all your dreams of domestic felicity; they would fade as summer flowers at the touch of frost. I have heard ladies, educated and intelligent ladies, declare with actual pride their ignorance of the art of cooking. They "could not make a cup of coffee to save their lives;" and, as to their making a loaf of good bread, or cooking a simple dinner, that was out of their power. Poor, miserable unfortunates!

BEAUTY.—Socrates called Beauty a short lived tyranny; Plato, a privilege of nature; Theophrastus, a silent cheat; Theocritus, a delightful prejudice; Cameades, a solitary kingdom; Domitian said, that nothing was more graceful; Aristotle affirmed that beauty was better than all the letters of recommendation in the world; Homer, that, 'twas a glorious gift of nature; and Ovid calls it a favor bestowed by the gods. But as regards the elements of beauty in woman, it is not to much to say—and who will not agree with us?—that no woman can be beautiful by force of features alone; there must be as well sweetness and beauty of soul.

☞It is a strange delusion for men to suppose that happiness consists in riches. Contentment is not to be found in splendor and magnificence; or why is it that princess have sometimes exchanged the grandeur of palace for the more simple enjoyments of private life? Why does the man who has grown in wealth look back to the days of his poverty and ask himself why he cannot now rejoice as heartily over the much as he then did over the little?

☞In these tight times every housekeeper should practice domestic economy. It is a virtue no good wife will ever lose sight of, as it is the one great essential to prosperity, and insures a competence in the future to any one who adheres to it as a principal.

☞A Connecticut doctor claims that cancers can be cured by burning them with a sun glass, the heat of the sun having a peculiar effect

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday morning, Sept. 4, 1867.

☞General Augur states in a recent report that to make a successful war against the Indians it would require a force of one hundred thousand soldiers, and then it would take a long time to wipe them out. He is in favor of making peace with them, if possible, but if not, of waging a war so vigorously as to make them respect the power of the Government for all time to come.

☞The public will be pained to learn of the escape of Duncan, the Commissary to the monster Wirz, of Andersonville prison. He succeded in making his way out of Fort Pulaski, where he was serving a term of fifteen years imprisonment, and has gone to Europe. Justice is sorely cheated of its dues in this instance.

☞A despatch from Nashville of August 30th., says: In Washington, Rhea county, East Tennessee, on Wednesday, the blacks and whites got into a fight, when the negroes were driven from the town. Getting assistance from the Loyal League, the blacks returned to the town and renewed the fight with varying success. A number of persons were wounded.

☞The Executive Committee of the Ex-Officers' Soldiers', and Sailors' Union, of Richmond, have issued a call upon all ex-officers, soldiers, and sailors of the United States army and navy now residing in Virginia to assemble in Richmond, on the 25th of September next, for the purpose of defining the political position, and to take such other steps as the exigency of the times may seem to demand.

☞Two freedmen of the First and Fourth districts of Georgia, are out in an address to their fellow-citizens, irrespective of color, as candidates for Congress. They claim that the right to vote gives the right to hold office, and, as they are in the majority, whites shall not be elected by their votes. The candidates are Conservatives, and in favor of universal amnesty. It is the impression that many whites will vote for blacks in preference to whites who can take the test oath.

☞Registration has been completed in Alabama. The returns show a total of one hundred and eighty thousand nine hundred and nine-five voters. The blacks have fifteen thousand five hundred and one majority over the whites. The total vote of the State in the Presidential election of 1860, was ninety thousand three hundred and fifty-seven, which compared with the registration returns shows a falling off in the whites of seventeen thousand six hundred and ten, and an increase of seventeen thousand six hundred and thirty-eight voters.

☞Some of the Radical journals are exceedingly wrothy at the course of President Johnson. Worse hard things have been said of him than was said by the Copperhead journals against Lincoln, during the war. What the Radicals expect to gain by abusive language, we can't see. The abuse of Lincoln gained him the more friends, and so it will be with Johnson.

An attempt at impeachment of the President at the next session might still further impede the progress of reconstruction, and add new evils to the already extended catalogue. President Johnson appears to be master of the situation and knows what he is about—doing what is not denied him by the Reconstruction Act. A difference in political feeling is not sufficient ground for impeachment. The country is now but a foot-ball in the hands of politicians, and they are rushing it to destruction with the desperation of madmen.

WHO WILL BE NOMINATED?—All the counties in this Senatorial district have held their conventions. The Democrats have their two candidates in nomination, and the fact is conceded that the nominees are good men—McIntyre of Perry, and Shugert of Centre.

The Republican Conference will be held at Lewistown on next Friday, and a warm contest may be expected. For the nominations Huntingdon offers McVitty, Blair offers Hall, Centre offers Wilson, Mifflin offers Woods, Juniata offers Robinson, Perry has no candidate. A week ago Mr. Hall's chances for nomination seemed to be better than any other, but Centre going against him leaves him with but his own county to start with. The defeat of Hall in Centre may give McVitty a good show for a nomination. If Mr. Hall is defeated it will be because he was not true to Gov. Curtin. Haines was defeated in his own county (Perry) because he sold out to Cameron. The friends of Curtin are determined that Simon and his friends shall not control the selection of the next United States Senator. Mr. Wilson of Centre is a brother in-law of Gov. Curtin and his success in Centre means something.

The year 1880 is set as the period when one will be able to ride in a "silver palace" from New York to San Francisco, without changing cars. It is more probable that by that time one will fly there on a through canvass back duck of mammoth proportions, or go through in a puff by pneumatic dispatch.

The Changes, &c.

Much feeling has been created by the changes already made by the President. Gen. Sheridan has been removed from the 5th District and sent to relieve Gen. Hancock of the command of the Department of the Missouri. Gen. Hancock is ordered to New Orleans to take the place of Sheridan. Gen. Canby is assigned to the command of the 2d District embracing the States of North and South Carolina—relieving Gen. Sickles who has been ordered to report at New York. Gen. Thomas on account of ill-health has been continued in command of the Department of the Cumberland.

Rumors of changes in the Cabinet reach us by every mail, but as yet no changes have been made.

Gen. Grant has issued an order to Military Commanders of the five Districts to make no appointments to civil office of persons who have been removed by themselves or their predecessors in command.

Returns from internal revenue to the Department at Washington, show that there is a falling off of fifteen millions of dollars in the revenue for two months past as compared with the returns for the corresponding period last year.

Gen. Cameron was in Washington on Saturday and was in consultation with Gen. Grant. He made public his desire to have the President impeached.

The President claims that the order of Gen. Grant continues to augment one of the principal points of difference between him and the General, namely: That the supplemental law does not give General Grant power to disapprove, in advance, of any act supposed to be contemplated by any District Commander.

If we are to believe all the radical press, the President has already made several candidates for the Presidency for them. They should remember that but one can be elected.

The President is not yet impeached, neither do we believe he ever will be. Impeaching a President is a big job, one that will not likely be undertaken rashly. The President will make good use of all advantages given him by the mistakes in the Reconstruction Act. The law-makers have themselves to blame if they are disappointed in the progress of reconstruction.

THE *Journal & American* editors don't like to hear anything said of the extravagance of the last Legislature because it was largely Republican. They *dare not* denounce the extravagance and corruption of their party—we dare. They must do the bidding of their party leaders, or be "read out" We are "out" and have no masters. Democrats in the last Legislature were as extravagant as Republicans—but the Republicans were largely in the majority and could have saved to the taxpayers thousands of dollars they helped to squander.

☞It may be worthy of note, as an indication of the times, that the Galena *Gazette*, the paper published in the place where General Grant resided before the war, which is moreover said to be the only paper that the general regularly reads, and which seems to have always maintained very intimate relations with him, is strongly urging Grant as a candidate for the next presidency on the platform of peace, conciliation, and fraternity.

STEVENS ON THE SITUATION.—Thad. Stevens, in a letter dated August 24, to a friend, speaking of the removal of the Military Commanders, says:

"Soon after the commencement of the last session of Congress I reported a bill from the committee of the House of Representatives which contained a provision prohibiting the removal without the consent of the Senate. It passed the House, and was sent to the Senate; the Senate stuck it out and returned it to the House, who refused to concur in the amendment. The result was a committee of reference, where an animated contest ensued. There were several other questions in controversy between the Houses, which the House offered to yield if this could be granted. The Senate perseveringly refused, declaring that they would sooner lose the bill. As that would frustrate all our legislation it could not be allowed. The House yielded, with a warning of the evils it would inflict upon the country. Some of the members of the Senate seemed to doubt their power under the Constitution *which they had just repudiated, and wholly outside of which all agreed that we were acting, else our whole work of reconstruction was usurpation.*"

Winnemore, who was hung in Philadelphia on Thursday, in a speech from the scaffold said: "I have only to say that I am innocent in word and deed of the crime for which I am to suffer an ignominious death. I have always tried to live up to a knowledge of the right and do my duty faithfully, but how terrible it is to hang a man who has not committed any crime. Death itself has no terrors for me, for I know where my soul will go to, and I also know that my spirit will come back to earth." It seems scarcely possible that a human being, fully possessed of all his senses, if he were guilty, would assert his innocence in this way, and it is awful to think that an innocent man should be hung.

Persons having correspondence with California should mark on their letters or newspaper the words "*via* Panama," and continue to do so until the the Indian hostilities over the Plains are suppressed. According to the regulations of the Post Office Department, all letters not marked "*via* Panama" are sent by the overland route, and the Indian outrages render their safe transmission doubtful.

[From the New York Herald, Aug. 30.]

The Revolutionary Muddle at Washington.

The revolution presses rapidly to a focus. At the mad pace we are now driving it is evident that the people may soon be called upon to determine whether they will support the President and uphold the republic, or merge the three branches of power into a military dictatorship. The difficulties which threaten to destroy harmony of action in the Executive Department are to be attributed not to Mr. Johnson nor yet to General Grant—they are the fault of neither The former takes the Constitution of the United States, which is placed in his hands as his political guide, and reads:—"The President shall be Commander-in-Chief of the Army and Navy of the United States." Under this he issues his orders to his General-in-Chief, who has been taught by Congress, in the Army Appropriation act, that "all orders and instructions relating to military operations, issued by the President or Secretary of War, shall be issued through the General of the army, and in case of his inability, through the next in rank. The General of the army shall not be removed, suspended, or relieved from command, or assigned to duty elsewhere than at said headquarters, except at his own request, without the previous approval of the Senate; and any orders or instructions relating to military operations issued contrary to the requirements of this section shall be null and void." The people demand that the President execute one law. Congress in its enactment, evidently places a military censor over him, and teaches our subordinate officer that to disobey the orders of a superior is a virtue, to obey them, a crime heavily punished by the provisions of this act. In the capital no one appears to understand the problem. The President wavers in his assertion of the dignity of his office and its fundamental power, and slowly feels his way in the dark. General Grant, uncertain where he stands, makes protest as a Cabinet officer, and reluctantly obeys. Far more soldierly had it been had he obeyed without question; for the President is responsible to the people through Congress—not through General Grant.

If we are to have a dictator, let us have General Grant. We prefer him to any other. He is mild and generous in his nature. He would appoint the preconsuls who are to govern the several districts from our best army officers. These, perhaps, taught insubordination, might soon free their districts from the irksome authority of the central power and give the people an enlarged liberty. It took seventy years of civil war in Rome to culminate in a dictatorship. We may boast that, with telegraph, railroad, and steamboat, we can move faster. We may bring ours to a focus in seven years, or even less. This will prove how rapidly we have advanced in civilization.

Rome went on from step to step until political necessity forced Cæsar to the surface. The wars of England produced a Cromwell before the mad passions resulting from civil turmoil could be quieted. The French revolution ran its race, and was only forced into a regular orbit by the strong hand of Bonaparte. In the United States we have gone on in our republican theories until we have, North and South, engrafted upon our political tree enough ignorance to uproot it in such a gale as that which we are trying to weather. Intelligence is no longer the foundation principle of the republic; for, with the engrafting of the element upon the ignorance which already existed, we have given ignorance the power—the majority rules! Shall we halt and try to correct our mistakes, or march forward to a military dictatorship? If Grant were to carry out the orders of Congress in the spirit which dictated them, he would immediately become the exponent of a usurping power. Fortunately, thus far our great General obeys orders. Gen. Sickles gives place to Canby, and Gen. Sheridan reports, in accordance with the orders of the Commander in Chief (President Johnson), to relieve General Hancock. The latter will assume command immediately at New Orleans and carry out the Reconstruction laws of Congress.

It is impossible for Congress to strike at the executive power without giving a worse thrust at the vitals of the Republic. So long as we desire to uphold the present form of government we must sustain the President in full executive authority. If he thwarts the laws made by the people through their Congress, then impeach the President. Do not go behind him to teach insubordination and overthrow principles instead of the man; otherwise we kill where we would cure. Andrew Johnson, as a man, is of little consequence to our people. We may overturn and replace him; but how are we to overturn and replace the principles which we have voted that he shall protect? Therefore, let it be understood that he who sustains the President at this juncture sustains not the man but the executive principle. He who upholds the opposition which Congress would force upon General Grant sustains a military dictatorship, and must prepare himself for its results.

☞Every man is the master of his own business; but everybody else is entitled to his own opinion concerning whatever is extraordinary in conducting it. Apropos Robert Bonner of the *New York Ledger*, and his horses. That gentleman has not only the finest and costliest stable of trotters in the world, but he owns the fastest trotting horse, so far as known, ever produced upon this planet—the famous Dexter. The following is a list of his trotters, with the prices he has paid for them: Dexter, $50,000; Pocahontas; $35,000; Auburn Horse, $13,000; Peerless, $5,000; Flatbush Maid, $5,000; Lantern, 35,000; Lady Palmer, $5,000—total, $118,000.

The average yearly production of distilled spirits in the United States during the past five years has been fifty millions of gallons. The revenue has been collected on about seventeen millions. Loss to government, sixty-six million dollars annually.

The first bale of new cotton, of the crop of 1867, raised in Georgia, was on the plantation of Mrs. Solomon Cohen, in Clay county. It was sold at Fort Gaines on the 12th, at 30 cents per pound.

THE INDIAN WAR.

Particulars of the Recent Fights.

The Fight Between Cheyennes and Pawnee Scouts.

OMAHA, NEB., August 22.—An interesting report of the fight between Pawnee scouts and the Cheyennes is received and published here to-day. From this it seems that Colonel Dodge of the Thirteenth Infantry, was stationed with a body of troops at Willow Island Station, on the Union Pacific Railroad, having also under his control a company of the Pawnees, at Plum creek. On the South side of the Platte, opposite Plum Creek Station, is a telegraph station on the old California line, which was guarded by a party of soldiers from Fort McPherson. During the morning of the day of the fight, Colonel Dodge had information from Fort McPherson that the telegraph line on the south side of the river had been interrupted by a party of Indians near Plum creek. He at once ordered Major North, commanding the Pawnees, to send out a force to look after the perpetrators of the act. Major North started Lieut. Davis and twenty men across the river, and very soon had information that he was driven back by a large body of Indians who have already destroyed several miles of the line, and were apparently having things their own way. In a few minutes he had his entire command across the river, and making for the Indians, who in perfect confidence had quietly gone into camp on the main road near Plum Creek. These last, on discovering Major North's Pawnees, only fifty strong, and supposing them to be white men, boldly and coolly advanced to attack him. The Major immediately ordered the charge, and the Cheyennes soon discovering their mistake fled with wild cries of "Pawnees! Pawnees!" the latter in close pursuit. The Pawnees pushed them so close that they soon had to abandon all their led animals, of which they had a number, and all their extra weight of blankets, saddles, &c., compelling them to stop and fight. In this they were overmatched, in arms and fighting qualities, and a running fight was kept up until darkness closed down and stopped it. The Pawnees, who, though in the service of the Government, still retain their old customs and method of fighting, returned about midnight with sixteen scalps, between thirty and forty mules and an immense number of blankets, and other impediments dropped by the Cheyennes in their hasty flight, besides a squaw and a boy about thirteen years old captured and brought in unharmed, General Augur's rigid orders forbidding them from harming prisoners, as was formerly their custom.

The Indians who had attacked proved to be a party of Cheyennes, about a hundred strong, with some few Ogallallah Sioux and Arapahoes, who, from the statement of the boy and the squaw, had come over from "Turkey Foot's" camp on the Republican, to attack and plunder a passenger train, evidently emboldened to this by their success of a few weeks since, and tempted by the hope of more plunder, of which they got a large amount on that occasion. From the body of one of the Cheyennes killed was taken a pocket book which was recognized as belonging to one of the train men who had been killed in the previous attack The whole affair was a signal and brilliant success for the Pawnees, and a very severe blow to the Cheyennes, and no doubt it will have a most salutary effect in checking future attempts on trains on the railroad.

The Fight at Fort Phil. Kearney.

Mr. Porter, who has just reached here from Fort Phil. Kearney, brings further details from the fight of the 2d of August near that post. He is a man unaccustomed to exaggerate, and thoroughly familiar with Indians, and his statement puts even a better face on the matter than was given by telegraph.

Mr. Porter's train, employed at the fort in hauling wood, had gone out, early in the morning, to cut and bring in wood, under escort of some thirty or forty soldiers under Major Power, of the Twenty-seventh Infantry, and having beside some fifty citizens, teamsters, wood choppers, &c., all were armed, and most of them old mountain men. For several days previous, Indians in small bands had been hovering around the post, and committing some small depredations. After reaching the forest the wagon bodies were taken from the wagons (to use the latter for hauling logs) and piled up in a sort of circular corral, a species of defence well known to the frontiersman. The men had hardly scattered to their work when they found themselves surrounded and attacked by an immense body of Indians, whose numbers could only be guessed at, but may be imagined when it is known that the coolest and most experienced of the men who saw them estimates them at from fifteen hundred to two thousand, and say that for three hours and a half, while the fight lasted, the woods swarmed with them on all sides. The whole party, wood choppers, teamsters and escorts retreated rapidly to their wagon body corral, but the corral being too small to hold them all, some had to fight from the outside. The Indians boldly charged upon them, but were received with such a withering fire that they retreated to reform and renew the attack with more caution. The little band were not to be the easy prey they had counted on. The Indians now dismounted, and, stripping to the breech clout, made another most determined and persistent charge on the corral. Again they got such a hot reception from the breech-loading rifles of the troops, and the Spencers and Henrys of the citizens, that they retreated in confusion, some of them having been left dead within thirty or forty feet of the corral. Taught by this severe experience, they now began the attack in a different way. Entirely surrounding the corral, and advancing as close as they dared, taking shelter behind trees, and advantages of the ground, they poured in a heavy and unremitting fire from rifles, shot guns, and bows, until it seemed that nothing could live under its concentrated fierceness. But the devoted little band now just over the, nervous tremor and excitement of the attack, and well and skillfully handled by Mr. Powell, were equal to their almost superhuman task With a coolness equal to that of the Indians, and a skill in the use of their arms far superior to theirs, they lay behind the shelter of the wagon bodies and ox-yokes, making their breech-loaders tell fearfully on every Indian who showed himself, and wasting no ammunition in wild shots where they would not count. Indian after Indian fell under their accurate fire, only to be replaced by others from the numbers swarming around, and thus for three hours and a half the fight continued desperately and against overwhelming odds, until Colonel Smith, with two more companies and a howitzer, arrived and gave welcome relief to the brave men who had so well fought in this unequal contest.

Upon Colonel Smith's arrival the Indians retreated, carrying with them all their dead and wounded, except five or six, who had fallen so close to the corral that they could not get their bodies.

A Colored Candidate from Georgia for Congress.

Ellick Mahaly, a colored man, has issued the following address to the voters of the Fourth Georgia Congressional District:—

CRAWFORD COUNTY, Ga., Aug. 22.—At the solicitation of many of my friends, both colored and white, I have determined to announce myself a candidate for Congress in this District. In soliciting your suffrages for the position to which I aspire, it may not be amiss for me to give you a short history of my life, and the principles which will guide my official conduct in the event I shall be honored by the suffrages of my fellow-citizens. I was born a slave on the plantation of Benjamin Lockett, Warren county, Mississippi. I remained with my old master until 1864, when I was brought to Georgia and sold to Mr. Isaac Dennis. My old master raised me as well as slaves are usually raised, giving me the rudiments of common English education, and instilling into my youthful mind the principles of honesty and virtue. And I will say here, that I have never departed from them. In the event I am elected, I shall use the utmost of my feeble powers to bring about a reconciliation between the two sections. We have had war enough and strife enough. While I am free to confess that my greatest efforts will be directed to the interest and welfare of my own race, I shall do all I can to ameliorate the condition of the whites, believing that the interests of the two races are identical here in the South. I shall do all in my power to repeal the unjust discrimination against the products of my section, to wit, the tax on cotton and tobacco. I will give one instance of the hardship of the tax on cotton. Last year I rented a small farm of Dr. Simmons, of this county. After paying him the rent I had five bales of cotton. On them I paid a tax of $15 a bale, making $75. It is needless for me to tell poor men how much I have needed the money this year. It would have broaded my family the whole year. I have felt its hardness. I wish it repealed. You may wish to know my position on reconstruction. I am in favor of reconstruction under the Millitary bills; though, if I am elected, I shall use my influence to have the disqualifications removed from all.

Yours, very truly,
ELLICK MAHALY.

Ex-Governor Graham, of North Carolina, on the Situation.

Hon. William A. Graham, of North Carolina, in a letter to a resident of Van Buren, Arkansas, writes as follows respecting the political situation of the South:

"The situation of the States of the South, to which you allude, is indeed melancholy. We are realizing the truth of the declaration of Mr. Fox, that "the most dangerous of all revolutions is a restoration." The idea of distraining the States by Military domination into the adoption of Constitutions for local Governments, with the right of suffrage extended to negroes, without any qualification except being of the male sex and over twenty one years of age, and by the Howard amendment to the Constitution of the United States, at the same time disfranchising all men of experience and influence among us, is the most solemn farce that has been enacted in all history. It is to roll back the tide of civilization two centuries at least, and place the ballot in the hands of a constituency less qualified for the office of Government than has ever before exercised it in any republican country. The Board of Registers of voters has just been announced here, and includes one negro to two white men generally throughout the State. When the whole series of steps in the process of "reconstruction," as it is called, shall have been fully contemplated, I think the people, wherever they constitute majorities, will find it to their interest to vote against Conventions for military Government until another appeal can be made to public opinion at the North, and especially in the Northwest."

A LIVELY PLACE.—The people of Java have rather a lively time of it. According to the latest official statistics contained in the *Tijdscrift vor Neder landsch Java*, the tiger has in one single year consumed exactly one hundred and forty eight human beings, and in another year one hundred and thirty-one. The crocodiles cleared an average of fifty people a year, while serpents accounted for between twenty-two and forty-three. But the Dutch seem to accept their fate with characteristic equanimity. The Governor-General a long while ago offered as a prize for every tiger that was killed the munificent sum of twenty-two guilders ($10). His subjects apparently prefer being eaten by the tiger.

The Lawrence, Kansas, *Journal* tells what the farm of a man living near that place has yielded this year. He raised 80 acres of corn, 20 acres of wheat and 10 acres of potatoes. The corn yielded 80 bushels, the wheat 30 bushels, and the potatoes 350 bushels per acre. The value of the entire crop, from 100 to 10 acres of land cultivated, is $5,435—a handsome income for a farmer. It should be borne in mind, however, that the crops in Kansas are unusually good this year, and that, in all probability, the owner of the farm is an exceptionally good farmer.

Fourteen cashmere goats have just arrived in Wisconsin, imported at a cost of $2,500. They are the only ones in the State.

NEWS ITEMS.

It takes 1,280,000 leaves of the thinest gold foil to make an inch in thickness.

A new printing press has been invented at Norfolk, Connecticut, that will print fifty thousand papers an hour.

An offer has been given to the United States for the purchase of bay of Samana, and five miles circuit of adjacent land on the island of Hayti, for $5,000,000.

Professor J. C. Watson, of Ann Harbor, Michigan, announces the discovery of a new planet, hitherto unknown, which was first seen by him on the 24th August.

Lewis Downing, lately elected chief of the Cherokees, served during our war as Lieutenant Colonel of a regiment of loyal Indians, and is an intelligent, educated, liberal minded man.

There are two ways of inviting the cholera at your doors. One is by being overcareless—the other by being overcareful. One is to be dirty—the other to be frightened. Be neither if you would be safe.

A chemical process has been discovered and perfected in New York, by which white lead can be made in five hours, instead of nearly four months. The white lead can be made either from ore, pig lead or litharge, with equal rapidity, and a very superior quality of color and covering is produced.

The Austrian journals think they have too many holidays there, and are insisting on the necessity of reducing the number of religious holidays. One of them states that, during the month of June last, the population of Pusterthal, in the Tyrol, had fifteen days' cessation from work.

An island that has long been stationary in the middle of Goose Pond, at Tyrington, Mass., has recently floated to the upper end of the pond, about half a mile from its original location. It is an accumulation of about one quarter acre, and has trees twenty feet high and a heavy growth of smaller bushes on it.

The trestle-work being used in the erection of a bridge across the Susquehanna river, at Harrisburg, gave way on the morning of the 27th, precipitating seven workmen into the river, killing one man and slightly injuring the others.

The village of Sidley, Fremont co., Iowa, by a change of the channel of the Missouri river, has been transferred from that State into Otoe county, Nebraska. By this singular freak of the river some thousands of acres of land and six to eight hundred inhabitants have been added to Nebraska.

The great Anti-slavery Congress convened in Manchester, England, on the 27th. Wm. Lloyd Garrison was present and made a speech. Other distinguished persons, including several negroes, made speeches. Eulogiums were passed on the governments of the United States and Russia for their recent abolition of slavery.

John S. Hopkins, Baltimore's richest citizen, worth probably twenty millions of dollars, has authorized the erection in Baltimore of an institution to be called the John S. Hopkins Hospital, in which the sick and poor residents, both white and black, are to be attended, each in separate apartments. The building is to be ample and built regardless of cost and endowed with a perpetual income

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PAINTS FOR FARMERS AND OTHERS.—The Grafton Mineral Paint Co. are now manufacturing the Best, Cheapest and most Durable Paint in use: two coats well put on, mixed with pure linseed Oil, will last 10 or 15 years; it is of a light brown or beautiful chocolate color, and can be changed to green, lead, stone, drab, olive, or cream, to suit the taste of the consumer. It is valuable for houses, barns, fences, carriage and car makers, pails and wooden-ware, agricultural implements, canal boats, vessels and ships' bottoms, canvas, metal and shingle roofs, (it being fire and water proof), floor oil cloths, (one manufacturer having used 5000 bbls. the past year,) and as a paint for any purpose is unsurpassed for body, durability, elasticity, and adherence. Price $6 per bbl. of 300 lbs., which will supply a farmer for years to come. Warranted in all cases as above. Send for a circular which gives full particulars.—None genuine unless branded in a trade mark Grafton Mineral Paint. Address DANIEL BIDWELL,
aug4 6m 234 Pearl street, New York.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST ARTICLE OUT.
A PERFECT TIME-PIECE FOR ONE DOLLAR.
Let every Housekeeper, Farmer, Mechanic, and Traveler buy our

SOLAR WATCH,
or Perpetual Portable Sun-Dial.
Warranted to keep True Time for every Day of the Year.

This valuable instrument, which is warranted by us to give the true time of day throughout the year, is constructed on strictly scientific principles, being based on astronomical tables and calculations, and affording the truest measure of time which human ingenuity and skill can devise exceeding in accuracy and reliability the most perfect chronometers, whilst the low price at which we offer it to the public places it within the reach of all. Its portability makes it convenient for travelers, and to every farmer or householder it must prove invaluable to regulate their clocks and watches by the most infallible test recognized by science.

The mode of using the "Solar Watch" is the simplest that can be devised. After screwing the Style or Gnomon in its place in the moveable brass bezel and setting it directly over the straight line corresponding to the date, or that nearest to it on the cylinder, the instrument is placed upright in the sunshine in such a position as will throw the shadow of the Style directly upon the line under it. After placing the plumb-line, by means of its brass attachment, at a right angle with and to the left of the Style, in order to set the cylinder perfectly level, the point where the extremity of the shadow falls, and its distance from any of the wavy or cross lines exhibiting the morning and corresponding afternoon hours, will indicate the true time of day.

The whole apparatus, consisting of a Cylindor and Diagram, moveable White Head, Style, Plumb line, and Brass attachment for the same, neatly put up in compact boxes, is sold by us at the incredibly low price of ONE DOLLAR. Manufactured and sold, wholesale and retail, by
BEYENS, FABRE & CO.,
31 North Ninth Street, Philada.

☞For sale, wholesale and retail, at Wm. Lewis' Book Store, Huntingdon, Pa. Agents wanted to sell the article—apply immediately.
WM. LEWIS,
se6 Agent for Huntingdon county.

STATE FAIR.

THE PENNA. STATE FAIR WILL be held at PITTSBURG, upon the grounds of the Iron City Park,
SEPTEMBER 24th, 25th, 26th, and 27th, 1867.
For the Exhibition of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, &c., Agricultural Implements, Machinery, Inventions, Farm Products, Fruits, Flowers, Household Goods, &c.

PREMIUMS OVER $10,000.

COMPETITION OPEN TO ALL.

Some of the Premiums in the abstract, are as follows:
CATTLE.—Fourteen premiums.—19 premiums from $50 to $20; all other grades of Cattle 60, from $30 to $10, 42, from $10 to $3; best herd, &c, not less than 15 head, $50; 2d best, $25; best 15 yoke of oxen, premium to be paid Agricultural Society of the County sending them, $100—2d best $50.
HORSES.—Best imported, 6 premiums from $50 to $20—thorough breds, 10, from $30 to $10—Speed, 1 of $100, 1 of $75, 1 of $50.
MATCHED HORSES.—1 of $30, 1 of $20; best draught, gelding, and single horses 12, from $30 to $10. STALLIONS and MARES, 15, from $25 to $10. JACKS and MULES, 7, from $25 to $10; best mule team of four $30, 2d best $15.
SHEEP AND WOOL.—For different breeds 123 premiums from $50 to $5. SWINE 15, from $25 to $5. POULTRY, best collection $15, and no premium less than $2.
For Agricultural Implements, Steam Engine, Scales, &c., but few premiums are offered. The Judges however may make complimentary notice, of the particular merits of each machine exhibited,
For Leather and its manufacture, flour and indian meal, grain and seeds, vegetables, fruits, grapes, cider, flowers and designs, needle work, embroidery, &c., bread, cakes, &c., preserves, jellies, and air tight fruits and vegetables, mercantile displays, &c., liberal premiums are offered ranging $10 to $1.
STEAM PLOW.—The Heydrick steam plow will be exhibited and operated during the Fair.
EXCURSION TICKETS will be issued by nearly all the railroads, and all goods exhibited and unsold will be returned freight free.
For particulars, or premium lists, address A. B. LONGAKER, Secretary, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Single Admission Tickets, 25 Cents.
se4-31 A. BOYD HAMILTON, President.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned having been appointed Auditor to distribute the proceeds of the Sheriff's sale of the real estate of Margaret Brotherline, he will attend to the duties of his appointment at the office of Scott, Brown & Bailey, on SATURDAY, the 14th day of SEPTEMBER, 1867, at one o'clock, P. M., of said day, at which time and place all persons interested are required to present their claims, or be debarred from coming in on said fund.
SAM'L. T. BROWN,
aug28-nd Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

(Estate of Isaac Borland, dec'd.)
The undersigned being appointed by the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county, to distribute the balance in the hands of Thomas Fisher as surviving administrator with the will annexed of Isaac Borland, dec'd., and as Trustee appointed by said Court to sell the real estate of said deceased, will attend to the duties of his appointment at h s office in Huntingdon, on THURSDAY, the 12th day of SEPTEMBER, 1867, at 10 o'clock, A. M., when and where all persons interested are required to present their claims, or be debarred from coming in for a share of said fund.
WM. P. ORBISON,
au28 Auditor.

LUMBER, SHINGLES, LATHS.

HEMLOCK, PINE BILL STUFF, Boards, Plank, Shingles, Plastering and Shingling Lath, constantly on hand.
Worked Flooring, Sash, Blinds, Doors, Door and Window Frames, furnished at manufacturers' prices.
Grain and country product generally bought at market rates.
WAGONER & BRO.,
aug28-tf Philipsburg, Centre co., Pa.

628. HOOP SKIRTS. 628.

WM. T. HOPKINS, "OUR OWN MAKE"
After more than *five years* experience and experimenting in the manufacture of STRICTLY FIRST QUALITY HOOP SKIRTS, we offer our justly celebrated goods to merchants and the public in full confidence of their superiority over all others in the American market; and they are so acknowledged by all who wear or deal in them, as they give more satisfaction than any other Skirt and recommend themselves in every respect. Dealers in Hoop Skirts should make a note of this fact. Every lady who has not given them a trial should do so without further delay
Our assortment embraces every style, length and size for Ladies, Misses and Children. Also, Skirts made to order altered and repaired.
Ask for "Hopkin's Own Make," and be not deceived.—See that the letter "R" is woven on the Tapes between each Hoop, and that they are stamped "W. T. HOPKINS, MANUFACTURER, 628 ARCH STREET, PHILAD'A," upon each tape. No others are genuine.
Also, constantly on hand a full line of good New York and Eastern made Skirts at very low prices, Wholesale and Retail at the Philadelphia Hoop Skirt Manufactory and Emporium,
NO. 628 ARCH STREET, PHILAD'A.
WM. T. HOPKINS.
aug28-3m

HUNTINGDON ADADEMY,
HUNTINGDON, PA.
The duties of this School will be resumed
ON MONDAY, AUGUST 26th.
For further information apply to
aug21-3t C. A. WYETH, Principal.

BRIDGES TO BUILD.
PROPOSALS will be received up to one o'clock on the 6th SEPTEMBER, by the County Commissioners, at their office, for the rebuilding of the Pier and the repairing of the Abutments of the Bridge across Raystown Branch at or near Hawn's; and also
For building abutments of a bridge across the canal opposite the bridge across the Juniata river at Montgomery's Hollow.
Specifications and plan to be seen at the Commissioners Office. By order of the Commissioners.
Aug. 21, '67-3t. HENRY W. MILLER, Clerk.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.
The undersigned offers at private sale a Valuable Farm situate in WEST township, near Shaver's Creek. The Farm contains
234 ACRES
of good Limestone Land, 150 acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation; the balance being timber land.
THE IMPROVEMENTS
consist of a large two-story STONE HOUSE, two Bank Barns, Spring House, Carriage House, and other outbuildings. There are two good ORCHARDS on the premises, one old and the other young, just beginning to bear. A number of never-failing streams of water run through the land, and pass by the house.
This is a desirable property, with good surroundings, and convenient to churches, schools and market. It will be sold at a reasonable figure.
aug21-6t* GEORGE WILSON.

BOOK AGENTS WANTED
TO SOLICIT ORDERS FOR A NEW ILLUSTRATED
BIBLE DICTIONARY.
(Complete in One Volume.)
This Dictionary embodies the results of the most recent study, research and investigation, of about sixty-five of the most eminent and advanced Biblical Scholars now living. Clergymen of all the denominations approve it, and regard it as the best work of its kind in the English language, and one which ought to be in the hands of every Bible reader in the land.
In circulating this Work, Agents will find a pleasant and profitable employment. The numerous objections which are usually encountered in selling ordinary works will not exist with this.
But, on the contrary, encouragement and friendly aid will attend the Agent, making his labors agreeable, useful and lucrative.
Ladies, retired Clergymen, School Teachers, Farmers, Students, and all others who possess energy, are wanted to assist in canvassing every town and county in the country, to whom the most liberal inducements will be offered.
For particulars, apply to, or address
aug21-6t. FARMELEE BROTHERS,
722 Sansom street, Philadelphia, Pa.

SPEAR'S PATENT
Fruit Preserving Solution,
FOR THE PRESERVATION OF ALL KINDS OF
FRUITS, VEGETABLES, JELLIES, WINES, CIDER, &c.
Without Sugar, and without Expensive Sealing or Air-tight Jars.
One Bottle will Preserve 128 Pounds of Fruit, or 48 Gallons of Wine or Cider.
CHEAP, HEALTHFUL AND EFFECTUAL.

This Solution, when properly used, effectually prevents fermentation or decay of Fruits, and, by the most simple and inexpensive process every variety may be kept in a fresh and perfectly wholesome condition the year round. It is no new and uncertain experiment, but has been in practical use for the past eight years, yet has been for the most part; kept from the public for the purpose of ascertaining the result of a series of experiments, all of which have proved the validity of all that is now confidently claimed for it.
Fruits preserved by this Solution are as good as the best "canned" fruits, while the use of the solution avoids the trouble of soaking, costly jars or cans, keeping from the air and light, frequent examinations, and the many other troubles and annoyances well known to every housewife.
Fresh native fruits the year round have become almost a household necessity, both on account of their healthfulness and as a luxury; and by the use of this solution this great luxury is within the reach of every family, rich or poor, in the land, as all kinds of fruit may be preserved during pleasure at less than one-half the expense of any other method.
The solution is perfectly free from objection on the score of health. Professor Bache, under date "U. S. Naval Laboratory, New York, September 14, 1864," says: "By direction of the Chief of the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, I have examined your Preserving Solution, and means and fruits preserved by it. I have a high opinion of its value, and believe it can be used in the preservation of those articles in a fresh state for the army and navy very advantageously. The Solution is perfectly free from objection on the score of healthfulness."
Other certificates from distinguished chemists, confirming the above, can be seen and had where the solution is sold. It is claimed:
1. That Spear's Solution preserves the flavor of all kinds of native fruits more perfectly and durably than can be done in any other way, and at much less trouble and expense;
2. That the use of the Solution renders it unnecessary to use air tight or expensive jars or cans, and also avoids the inconvenience of hermetically sealing and keeping from the air, heat, light, etc.;
3. That the use of the Solution admits of the keeping of the fruit in vessels of any size, even in kegs or barrels if desirable;
4. That the use of the Solution allows the shipment of the fruit by salt or fresh water, in the hottest weather, without danger of loss or injury;
5. That it is invaluable in the preserving of Tomato, Peach, Pear, Apple, Quince and other Sauces, Wines and Cider; also for all kinds of Spiced Fruits; that these alone, recommend it to every family, and to use it once will guarantee their approval.
L. H. SPEAR, Proprietor.
☞For sale at LEWIS' FAMILY GROCERY, Huntingdon, Pa. [au21-tf

NOTICE.
Whereas my wife Elizabeth Shank, has left my bed and board without any just cause of provocation, I hereby caution all persons against harboring her or trusting, as I will not pay debts of her contracting.
Aug. 14, 1867-3* N. SHANK.

BORDENTOWN FEMALE COLLEGE, BORDENTOWN, N. J.
*An Institution for the careful and thorough instruction of Young Ladies in all the branches of a complete education. Board and tuition in the Preparatory and Collegiate departments, $208 per year. Washing, Ancient and Modern Languages, and ornamental branches, extra—*Winter session opens September 19th. For catalogues, address REV. JOHN H. BLAKESLEY, A. M.,
aug7-1m President

PAPER! PAPER!!
Note, Post, Commercial, Foolscap and Flatcap—a good assortment for sale by the ream, half ream, quire or sheet, at
LEWIS' BOOK & STATIONERY STORE.

SOUR PICKLES ready for the table by the ½ doz., doz., or ¼ doz., for sale at
Lewis' Family Grocery.

MONTHLY TIME BOOKS,
For sale at
LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE.

BLANK BOOKS,
OF VARIOUS SIZES, for sale at
LEWIS' BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE

CHOICE Teas, Coffee, Sugars and Molasses, for sale at Lewis' Family Grocery.

IF YOU WANT the BEST SYRU

The Globe.

HUNTINGDON, PA.

Wednesday morning, Sept. 4, 1867.

WM. LEWIS, HUGH LINDSAY, } EDITORS.

LOCAL & PERSONAL.

Local Advertisements.

Advertisements (puffs or notices) published in local columns at ten cents a line single insertion, counting seven words to a line. tf.

To Subscribers.

Those subscribers receiving a paper marked with a † before the name will understand that the time for which they subscribed is up. If they wish the paper continued they will renew their subscription through the mail or otherwise. tf.

New Advertisements in this Issue.

☞ *See opposite page.* ☜

Paints for Farmers and others.
Solar Watch, or Portable Perpetual Sun-Dial.
State Fair.

Brief Items.

—Our public schools opened on Monday last.

—Read the Constitution of the Huntingdon County Temperance Union.

—A. M. E. Bush-meeting is to be held at Marklesburg, commencing Saturday, September 7th.

—Read the correspondence between the President and Gen. Grant on our first page.

—The Juniata *Republican* has been sold by W. M. Allison & Co. to Prof. David Wilson, Dr. J. P. Sterrett, and others.

—Wm. Johnston, of Hollidaysburg, convicted of dealing in counterfeit money, has been sentenced to eight years in the Western Penitentiary.

—Wont be drawn: the editors of the *Jour. & Am.* David's ghost rises up whenever they think of a "war of words."

—The fair ground is situated to the east of town. The distance is short, and it is thought that none but hack-drivers will complain.

—Robert don't like that soldier poked at him. He was the friend only after he couldn't be anything else. Robert is through at the public crib. Being editor of the "organ" wouldn't win.

—We were in error in stating that the colored Church of Zion was to hold a camp meeting. It is to be held under the auspices of the colored M. E. Church of this place, and will commence on Thursday next.

—The Catholic pic-nic at McCahan's Grove on Saturday last was a splendid affair. Waltzes and cotillions were the order, while the novelty of the day was an Irish jig by two aged matrons which was greeted by rounds of applause.

—The camp-meetings at Fisher's Summit and Bloody Run, were well attended on Sunday last. An excursion train was run over the road to Bloody Run, and a large number took advantage of this opportunity to attend the meetings.

—Mr. Patrick McDonald, a miner, of Johnstown, recently set fire to an overhead blast, when his fuse being too short, he was unable to get away before the blast went off, which threw a large amount of matter on him, badly injuring him.

—We learn that three horses were stolen on Sunday night from the camp at Manor Hill, only one of which, we believe, has returned home. The men or scamps, rather, guilty of such a trick as this, are not deserving of anything less than a year in the Western Penitentiary, which would be their fate if detected.

—The next meeting of the State Base Ball Association will be held in Harrisburg on Wednesday, October 16. Arrangements have been made with the various railroad companies by which delegates paying full fare to Harrisburg will be returned free. A very large attendance is anticipated.

—Two horses attached to a carriage occupied by Mr. Nathan Bartlett of Birmingham, on Tuesday, took fright, and became unmanageable, breaking the vehicle in pieces and seriously injuring Mr. Bartlett, who is still lying at the City Hotel. Dr. Burket was called in, under whose skillful treatment he will no doubt rapidly recover. —*Tyrone Herald.*

—Our young and gallant horsemen are invited to give a test of their skill on the second day of the Fair, by engaging in a Tournament, the peculiarities of which we notice in another column. There is nothing, we think, would excite more interest and amusement than a tournament, and the more who enter the lists the merrier it will be. Who will be the victor.

—Patent enamelled paper collars will kill mice. An acquaintance of ours had a practical demonstration of this fact in the loss of a box of "Byron's" and the consequent death of two mice. The mice can have all our worn out collars hereafter. The same friend tells us that the rats have eaten the corn off the stalks growing in his garden.

—Boys, in the busy season, are generally sent to the pasture to drive up the cows. Often they have an adjourned game at ball to play, or a fish to catch, hence, if not specially cautioned and watched, will "put the cows through on the double quick." This is a bad practice. It injures the health of the animal, vitiates their milk, and diminishes the flow of it. Cows in warm weather and with distended udders, should never be hurried in this way.

—A man named James Irvin, from Williamsburg, Blair county, while on our streets last Thursday evening, took convulsions and was prevented from falling on the pavement by a by-stander. He was placed on a settee, and having no other place to go, he was taken to the jail, where Dr. D. P. Miller administered him some medicine. Irvin is said to be a crazy man, demented on the subject of religion, and during Thursday he was heard to express his fears as to his lost condition, and adding that he was soon going to die.

Constitution of the Huntingdon County Temperance Union.

We believe the time has fully come, when all Christians, Ministers, Churches, Temperance Organizations and the friends of Temperance generally, to form a "Union Association" in the County for the more effectual accomplishment of the good results which we aim. We the undersigned do, therefore, adopt the following Constitution as a guide in our associate capacity:

ARTICLE I.—NAME. This society shall be called the Huntingdon County Temperance Union, auxiliary to the Pennsylvania State Temperance Union.

ARTICLE II.—OBJECT. The object of this Union shall be to unite all Temperance Organizations and Christian people in our great, earnest, effectual and perpetual body, leaving it to individuals or organizations each to operate in his individual, or private capacity, to do the work of Temperance reform in his own way; but collectively to provide for a thorough organization of the County, in order to the adoption by the masses of the people the practice of total abstinence from the use, manufacture and sale of intoxicating drinks as a beverage; this shall be done by holding public meetings, the use of the pledge, by the circulation of Temperance literature and by all other methods calculated to remove the evils of Intemperance from the community.

ARTICLE III.—MEMBERS. The society shall be composed of delegates not exceeding ten in number, from any Church, Temperance Society, College, Academy or organization within the County who after signing the pledge and roll book of the society, and paying to the Treasurer one dollar annually, shall be entitled to all the privileges of members. Other persons, not delegates, by paying $1 00 may become members by signing the pledge, (as in Art. IV.)

Any person contributing to the funds of the society a less sum than $1.00, may become a contributing member, by vote of the society at any meeting, but without the privilege of voting. Signing the pledge, and the payment of $5.00 shall constitute a life member. The society may also constitute honorary members for life, as evidence of respect for character, services and fidelity to the principles of Temperance by a contribution of $25 00; but membership so constituted shall continue only during a faithful adherence to the pledge and laws of the society. The funds of the society, after defraying expenses, shall be appropriated by the managers to promote the cause of Temperance in this County and State.

ARTICLE IV.—PLEDGE. No person shall be a member of this society, who does not subscribe to the following pledge: We the undersigned, do agree that we will not use intoxicating liquors as a beverage, nor traffic in them; that we will not provide them as an article of entertainment, or for persons in our employment; and that in all suitable ways we will discountenance their use throughout the community.

ARTICLE V.—OFFICERS. The officers of this Society shall be a President, two Vice Presidents, a Corresponding and Recording Secretary, Treasurer, with one or more from each township and borough, who shall be elected annually and hold office until their successors are elected, and shall constitute a Board of Managers, three of whom shall be a quorum, and shall have power to fill all vacancies and conduct the meetings and interests of the society, and report quarterly to the President the number of meetings held, and the names enrolled on the pledge from the respective townships.

ARTICLE VI.—MEETINGS. The society shall hold annual, and quarterly, and such other meetings as the Board shall judge best or the society may direct.

ARTICLE VII.—AMENDMENTS. This Constitution may be altered or amended at any regular meeting of the society, by the vote of two-thirds of the members present, the amendment having been proposed at the previous meeting.

The Mosquitoes H. B. C.

The Mosquitoes have again commenced their annual game of base ball. They are expected to keep the "innings" about two months, at the end of which time there is expected to be a general counting of noses among the "outs" to see who have the biggest "scores." The Mosquitoes are at the bat, and the game begins to play. We hope to keep an account of all "home runs," but "flies" and "fouls" not taken into consideration, as they don't count for the Mosquitoes. Every one will vouch for the fact, though, that the Mosquitoes are as good on a "fly," as they are on a "bat," and it takes an extraordinary amount of good fielding to put them out while running between bases. We have seen "fat nines" literally covered with the marks of glory of an exciting game, but we didn't hear of any "strike outs" on the other side. "Lean nines" generally suffer the same fate. It is a game played by both sexes, as the Mosquitoes challenge any club, procure their own feed and pay their own bills. We expect to hear of many tight games this season, but we are willing to bet our pile on the Mosquitoes, for they are blooded stock. We hope to be a disinterested party, further than keeping the score of match games.

Tournament.

A grand Equestrian Tournament will take place at Huntingdon on the 2d day of the County Fair. The Tourney will consist in taking a ring upon the point of a spear, while under full speed. The victor will have the privilege of selecting a young lady from the spectators present, as the Queen of Love and Beauty to crown him with the chaplet of honor. The lists are open to any gallant Knights of this county who wish to contend for the prize. The Huntingdon Silver Cornet Band, the second best in the State, will sustain their reputation during the entertainment. Information upon the subject as to costume, programme, &c., can be obtained of either Charles H. Anderson or Erskine H. Miles.

☞The cheapest and best article out. Call at Lewis' Book Store and see a perpetual time piece for one dollar. Agents wanted to sell at retail, who will be furnished with the article at the lowest wholesale prices.

Match Game.

The following is the score of a match game between the Alert of McConnellstown, and the Social of this place, on Saturday last.

ALERT.	O.	R.	SOCIAL.	O.	R.
Laughlin,	1	8	Fisher,	3	4
G. States,	2	7	Hildebrand,	4	1
Moore,	1	6	Smith,	5	2
Brewster.	3	3	Swoope.	5	2
Householder,	4	2	Burchinell,	3	3
Lincoln,	7	0	Williams,	2	5
G. States,	3	5	Bartol,	1	4
Ward,	5	8	Hight,	2	3
Flenner,	1	7	Cunningham,	2	3
	27	41		27	27

ALERT.—Flies caught 6; Flies muffed 5; Out on fouls 6; Struck out 6; Left on bases 8; Run out 1; Passed balls 5.
SOCIAL.—Flies caught 15; Flies muffed 11; Out on fouls 7; Struck out 3; Left on bases 5; Run out 0; Passed balls 8.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
ALERT.—	4	2	3	7	5	4	6	4	6	—41
SOCIAL.—	1	9	1	5	3	0	5	3	0	—27

Time of game two hours and three quarters.
Umpire, Van Blair; Scorers, Crevitt and Campbell.

State Fair.

The Penna. State Fair will be held at Pittsburgh from September 24, to September 27th. The premiums offered are very liberal, embracing live stock and all useful articles in husbandry, housewifery, manufactures, and farm products. The premiums are most liberal in every department, exceeding $10,000 in the aggregate. The principal railroads will issue Excursion Tickets—and return all articles which are exhibited, if they remain unsold, freight free.

We are informed that the Heydrick Steam Plow, lately patented, will be exhibited, and operated during the fair. For premium lists address A. B. Longaker, Pittsburgh, Pa. See advertisement in this issue.

The Phrenological Journal for September

Contains Portraits and Characters of Hon. R. D. Connelly, Rev. Newman Hall, Rev. Thomas Binney, distinguished Orators and Authors; Mrs. Husband and Mrs. Hoge, Sanitary Heroines; Studies in Physiognomy; For Gentlemen to Read, by Mrs. G. W. Wyllys; True and False Marriages; Memory; Conscientiousness; its True Functions; Our Religion; Gradations of Intellect; The Races of Man, their Origin; Queen Elizabeth; Toggery; A New Steamer, Spirit of the Age; Central Park, and the New Boulevard—illustrated. An interesting number, 30 cents, or $3 a year. S. R. Wells, Editor, 389 Broadway, New York.

Boy Lost.

A boy named Edward C. Haley, between the ages of 13 and 14, left his home in Knox township, Clearfield county, Pa., on Sunday the 10th ult. He has a freckled face, light blue eyes, and rather dark hair. He has a scar from a burn on his right shoulder. Any information of his whereabouts can be sent to James Haley, Ansonville, Clearfield County, Pa.

Another Home Recommendation.

Mrs. Mary Reed, (residing on Kerr's farm,) says she has had the Florence Sewing Machine in use for two years, —it never once getting out of order— and she would not part with it on any consideration. 2t.

Dianah L. Baker, Agent, Liester's New Building, Huntingdon, Pa.

Agents Wanted.

To sell the Solar Watch, or Perpetual Portable Sun-Dial. See advertisement headed "The Cheapest and Best Article Out." Apply at Lewis' Book Store, Huntingdon, Pa., where the Sun-Dial can be seen.

☞Teachers Examination by Mr. Tussey will take place at Spruce Creek, Saturday, September 14th, for applicants for Schools for Franklin and Warriorsmark.

—To preserve fruits, vegetables, jellies, wines, cider, etc., etc. See advertisement of Spear's Fruit-Preserving Solution in another column. tf

☞School Books of all kinds for sale at Lewis' Book Store. tf,

WANTED.

500 Agents to canvass for a work entitled "Nojoque," written by Hinton R. Helper, author of the "Impending Crisis of the South." The object of the author in this work is to show the great distinction between the white and black races. He denounces negro political and social equality, and says he can no longer act with a party that would willingly destroy the great line of distinction between the white and black races which God himself has established. Every person should secure a copy of this work.

ALSO, 500 Agents wanted to circulate the "Youth's History of the War," the only history from a Democratic standpoint. Those desiring agencies should address E. W. MILLER, Huntingdon P. O., Pa.,

Or call on Mr. Martin Flenner, at the same place.
August 7, '67-tf.

DEAFNESS, BLINDNESS and CATARRH treated with the utmost success, by J. ISAACS, M. D., Oculist and Aurist, (formerly of Leyden, Holland,) No. 805 ARCH street, Phil-delphia. Testimonials from the most reliable sources in the city and country can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as he has no secrets in his practice. Artificial Eyes inserted without pain.—No charge for examination. my8-1ybm

MARRIED,

Aug. 22d., by Rev. J. W. Love, Mr. JAMES W. NEELY to Miss MARY DOWNING, both of Blair County, Pa.

DIED,

On Friday last, in this borough, of Cholera Infantum, BRUCE, youngest son of R. B. and Mrs. M. Potrikin.

MARKETS.

WHOLESALE MARKET.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 31, 1867.

Superfine Flour at $8,25@9,25, extra at $9@10,50, fancy extra family $13,00@17, and Pennsylvania family $12@11,25, and fancy brands $14,00@17,00 according to quality. Rye flour $7,75.

Prime Wheat is scarce here. Choice new at $2,30@2,45 white $2,40@2,65. Rye at $1,50@1,60. Corn 1,25 to 1,26 Oats at 68c. Barley malt at $1,50.

Cloverseed $10,25@12, according to quality; Timothy at $3,25@3,50; Flaxseed $3,00@3,05 per bushel.

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 31.—Flour.—There is a fair demand. We quote sales of spring wheat Flour, at $11,25@11,50, winter Flour at $11,50 fancy at $14,00@15.

Wheat, winter $2,10@2,15 and No. 1 spring $2,22@2,30. Corn from first hands at $1,00. Rye, $1,15 per bushel. Oats 47@48c. Barley 90@$1,00. Shoulders 14½c; sides 16½c; hams 22@24c. Lard 15½c.

Cloverseed, $11,50. Flaxseed $3, Timothy $2,75.

CHICAGO Aug. 31.—Flour firm; spring extra $8@10,00. Winter, $12,50@14,00. Spring Wheat is at $1,78@1,80. Corn 90cts. Oats, 45cts.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, Aug. 31.—Gold closed at $1,45⅝.

HUNTINGDON MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY HENRY & CO.

WHOLESALE PRICES.

Superfine Flour,	$9,50	Eggs	15
Extra Flour, old,	10,50	Feathers ₱ lb	60
Family Flour,	11,00	Flaxseed	$2,25
Red Wheat, old,	2,00	Hops ₱ lb	40 @ 60
White Wheat, old,	2,20	Ham, smoked	25
Apple butter ₱ gallon,	1,25	Hay ₱ ton	8,00
Bark per cord,	5,50	Lard,	12½
Barley	1,00	Large Onions ₱ bus	80
Butter	20	Mixed Chop	2,25
Buckwheat	80	Oats	60
Buckwheat Meal ₱ cwt.	3,50	Potatoes ₱ bus	75
Bran ₱ cwt	1,25	Plaster per ton	10,00
Brooms ₱ doz	3,00@4,50	Rags ₱ lb	5
Beeswax ₱ lb	30	Rye	1,00
Beans ₱ bus	2,25	Rye Chop ₱ cwt	2,25
Cloverseed ₱ 64 lbs	7,00	Rye Straw ₱ bundle	15
Chickens	28	Shorts ₱ cwt	1,00
Country Soap	10	Shoulder	15
Corn	1,00	Sides	17
Corn Meal ₱ cwt	2,25	Tallow	10 @ 12
Dried Apples ₱ bu	2,00	Timothy	3,00
Dried Cherries ₱ quart	12	Turkeys	75 @ 1,50
Dried Peaches ₱ lb 15 to 20		Wool ₱ lb	40
Dried Beef	28		

THE LAMB IMPROVED
FAMILY KNITTING MACHINE.

Please call and see this valuable Machine, and the work which it produces. Machines with all the appurtenances, for sale at the low price of $65, and warranted as represented. CALL AND SEE IT.

—Room, on WASHINGTON Street, (opposite the "GLOBE" Printing office,) HUNTINGDON, Pa.

—An assortment of Knit Goods on hand, for sale, and made to order on short notice, such as Ladies,' Misses', and Children's Stockings, Gents' Woolen and Cotton Socks also, Scarfs, Afghans, Pulse Warmers, Caps, Tidys, &c.

The LAMB KNITTING Machine is very simple, and finishes its work; capable of producing more than a dozen different stitches; it is unlike any other Machine of the kind in the market; it will do the work of twenty women and is suitable for institutes as well as families.

It is complete in every particular, and without a wheel

FARMERS

And their LADIES should see this Machine in operation, so REMEMBER the place and do not fail to see it.

WASHINGTON STREET,
(Opposite the "GLOBE" Office.)
HUNTINGDON, Penn'a.
jly31-67-tf S. M. LONGWELL, Agt.

A. L. LEWIS,
LEISTER'S NEW BUILDING,
Huntingdon, Pa.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
FOREIGN & DOMESTIC
DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, CARPETINGS, OIL CLOTHS, QUEENSWARE AND GROCERIES.

REMEMBER!
This is the Store, Where Goods are Sold CHEAP.
July 17, '67-tf.

UNITED STATES
Authorized WAR CLAIM AGENCY
HUNTINGDON, PA.

SOLDIERS' HEIRS, ATTENTION!

The act of Congress approved March 2, 1867, gives to Heirs of Soldiers who died prisoners of war,

COMMUTATION FOR RATIONS,

for the time the soldier was so held a prisoner, at the rate of twenty-five cents per day, to be paid in the following order: 1st. To the widow, if unmarried; 2d. To the children; 3d. To the parents, to both jointly if they are living, if either is dead, to the survivor; 4th. To the brothers and sisters.

The act of February 28, 1867, provides for the refunding of the $100 Commutation Money, where the same person was again drafted, and was required to enter the service or furnish a substitute.

DISCHARGED SOLDIERS.

The act of March 2, 1867, also makes provisions for the payment of the

$100 ADDITIONAL BOUNTY

to such soldiers as have accidentally lost their discharges

All persons having any claims under any of the above mentioned Acts, or any other kind of claim against the United States or State Governments can have them formation and advice cheerfully given to soldiers or their friends, free of charge.

W. H. WOODS,
Authorized Army and Navy War-Claim Agent,
may29,1867 HUNTINGDON, Huntingdon co., Pa.

RUDOLPH'S
TEMPLE OF FASHION
FANCY GOODS, Wholesale & Retail.

THE undersigned takes the liberty of calling the attention of the public in general to his new and splendid variety of

LADIES' AND GENTS'
FURNISHING GOODS,
HATS, CAPS,
UMBRELLAS and SUN-SHADES.

Making weekly purchases from the New York and Philadelphia markets, I am prepared to offer to my lady friends of Huntingdon and vicinity, one of the nicest lines of Brass and Sacque

BUTTONS & TRIMMINGS,

of the very latest novelties out that is possible to bring together, and at prices to meet the views of all classes.

Ladies' and Gents' (Unrivaled) Kid Gloves, black and medium shades, and any particular shade and size furnished at the shortest notice; also, a very pretty assortment of white and colored Berlin and Embroidered Gloves, plain and fancy tops; black and colored Velvet Ribbons, first quality and common, all widths.

White Dress Goods, Hoop Skirts, Balmorals, Ladies Hats, Sunshades, Knitting Cotton, (all colors,) Germantown Wool, Zephyrs, Canes, Silk for lining bonnets, Bonnet Ribbons, Gents' Linen and Paper Cuffs, Collars and Shirt Fronts, as also special selection of black and fancy Neck Ties, Broadway, Chantilly Bows, and Napoleon Stocks for the aged and a fine assortment of Bugle Trimming.

Hosiery with me will claim special attention to select and offer the very best English and German Regular Made Goods and the Domestic and Lower Grades, Child's fancy one half Hose, &c., with that endless variety of Small Wares to be found in a well stocked Notion Store, of quality superior as a line, and at prices to meet all competition

A large stock of Boys' and Gents' Hats and Caps of the latest styles and all qualities at prices ranging from 25 cts. to $3.00.

W. F. RUDOLPH.
Huntingdon, April 10, 1867.

Something New "?"

GLAZIER & BRO.

HAVE just opened up on the corner of WASHINGTON and SMITH streets, a new and COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

DRY GOODS,
DRESS GOODS,
GROCERIES,
QUEENSWARE,
HATS,
SHOES,
ETC, ETC.

The citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity are hereby tendered a standing invitation to call and examine our stock. Our aim will ever be, that complete satisfaction, both as regards goods and prices, be given to every purchaser. GLAZIER & BRO.
Huntingdon, March 27, 1867.

Can't Be Beaten!

Good Stock & Low Prices!

JOHN H. WESTBROOK

Respectfully informs the citizens of Huntingdon and vicinity that he has just received from the city a new and splendid stock of

GROCERIES, CONFECTIONERIES,
BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS,
Hosiery, Shoe Findings, Carpet Sacks, Trunks, &c., &c., &c., &c.

all of which he is prepared to sell at greatly reduced prices.

Don't forget the old stand in the Diamond. Old customers and the public generally are invited to call.
Huntingdon, may 1, 1867

GROUND ALUM AND SALINA SALT at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

THE BEST QUALITY OF FRESH MACKEREL at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

PURE SPICES at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

STEVENS HOUSE,
21, 23, 25, & 27 BROADWAY, N. Y.
OPPOSITE BOWLING GREEN.
ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.

The STEVENS HOUSE is well and widely known to the travelling public. The location is especially suitable to merchants and business men; it is in close proximity to the business part of the city—is on the highway of Southern and Western travel—and adjacent to all the principal Railroad and Steamboat depots.

THE STEVENS HOUSE has liberal accommodations for over 200 guests—it is well furnished, and possesses every modern improvement for the comfort and entertainment of its inmates. The rooms are spacious and well vent lated—provided with gas and water—the attendance is prompt and respectful—and the table is generously provided with every delicacy of the season—at moderate rates. The rooms having been refurnished and remodeled, we are enabled to offer extra facilities for the comfort and pleasure of our Guests.

GEO. K. CHASE & CO.
Aug. 14, '67-6m. PROPRIETORS.

THE LEHIGH UNIVERSITY,
SOUTH BETHLEHEM, PA.,
(Founded and endowed by Hon. Asa Packer.)

The second year opens September 1st, for Students in the 1st and 2d classes, and in the special schools of ENGINEERING, (Civil, Mechanical and Mining,) and of ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY. Applicants examined from the 15th to the 29th of August. For registers, with particulars, apply to HENRY COPPEE, LL. D.
july31-1m President.

By Canal & Railroad.

We are now receiving by Canal and Railroad from the eastern and western cities,

DRY GOODS & GROCERIES
Of every description,
CARPETS, OIL-CLOTHS,
FLOUR, FEED,
AND
Provision,
Of all kinds.
COAL.

Anthracite, Pittsburgh, and Broad Top Coal for sale by the Cart or Boat load.

LUMBER.

Boards, Plank, Shingles, Plastering Lath, in large or small quantities.

Nails and Bar ron, at manufacturers' prices.

HENRY & CO.,
je26 Huntingdon, Pa.

GREAT OPENING
OF
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,
AT THE
NEW STORE
OF
JOSEPH MARCH & BRO.,
COFFEE RUN, PENN'A.

The subscribers have received a new and complete assortment of

DRY GOODS,

Including a large and varied assortment of LADIES DRESS GOODS, of the latest styles and fashions. Also

GROCERIES,
QUEENSWARE,
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS AND CAPS,
FISH, SALT, BACON,

and all other articles usually kept in a well conducted store, all of which are offered as cheap as at any other establishment in this section of country.

Country Produce taken in exchange for goods

Thankful for former patronage, we hereby extend an invitation to our Trough Creek friends and the public generally for a renewal of the same, promising by a close attention to business and the wants of customers, to fully merit it.

j-19 JOS. MARCH & BRO.

CUNNINGHAM & CARMON
HAVE
CARPETINGS,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
For Sale at Wholesale Prices,
SUCH AS, ALL WOOL
INGRAIN,
VENITIAN,
COTTAGE,
STAIR,
HEMP,
RAG, &c.

Huntingdon, July 3, 1867. j

JUNIATA
STEAM PEARL MILL,
HUNTINGDON, PA.,
IS NOW
IN COMPLETE RUNNING ORDER
FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF FLOUR.

The patronage of the town and country is respectfully solicited.

GRAIN, of every description,
Bought at this mill.
McCAHAN & SON.
Huntingdon, May 2, 1866

WALL PAPER,
WINDOW SHADES AND FIXTURES,
THE LARGEST STOCK
AND
Greatest variety of new styles ever brought to the county,
RECEIVED AND FOR SALE CHEAP
AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

REMOVAL.
ROBLEY & MARSH,
MERCHANT TAILORS.

Respectfully inform their old friends and the public generally that they have removed to the room adjoining the Post Office on Hill street, where they have received a new stock of the most fashionable and serviceable

DRESS GOODS,

Which they are prepared to make up to order in the most fashionable and substantial order.

Call and examine their assortment of goods for

COATS, VESTS AND PANTS,

Before purchasing elsewhere. They are determined to please everybody.

H. ROBLEY,
ap10,1867 GEO. F. MARSH.

NEW
LEATHER STORE.

THE undersigned would respectfully announce that, in connection with their TANNERY, they have just opened a splendid assortment of

FINE LEATHER,

Consisting in part of

FRENCH CALF SKIN,
KIP,
MOROCCO,
LININGS,
BINDINGS,
SOLE,
UPPER,
HARNESS,
SKIRTING, &C.,

Together with a general assortment of

FINDINGS.

The trade is invited to call and examine our stock. Store on HILL street, two doors west of the Presbyterian church.

The highest price paid for HIDES and BARK.

C. H. MILLER & SON.
Huntingdon, may 1, 1867

CUNNINGHAM & CARMON

Have received

10,000 DOLLARS WORTH

OF

NEW & FASHIONABLE GOODS

From the eastern markets, which they can, with profit, sell at lower figures than can be sold at any other house in the county.

PRICES THE SAME AS BEFORE THE WAR.

A good Calico Dress for a Dollar & a Levy

THE BEST HEAVY MUSLINS

Lower than they can be bought outside of Philadelphia.

THEIR STOCK IS IMMENSE,

Consisting of everything that eye can fancy or heart wish.

Come and see their fine assortment of

CHOICE SYRUP,

LOWER than ever before also.

EVERY KIND OF SUGAR

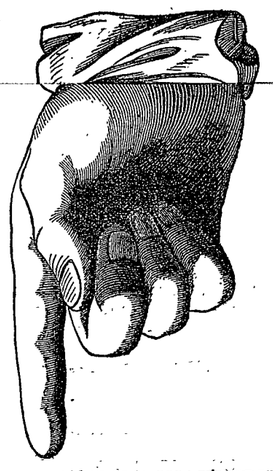
At greatly reduced prices.

COME AND SEE OUR STOCK,

and do not pay high prices any longer.

Cunningham & Carmon,
Huntingdon, ap24

NOTICE.



JOHNSTON & WATTSON

TAKE pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Huntingdon county and vicinity that they have just returned from the East with a

LARGE STOCK OF GOODS,

Which they have just opened out at their new store,

ONE DOOR EAST OF THE WASHINGTON HOTEL

Their stock consists of

DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
HATS AND CAPS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
GROCERIES,
FLOUR AND FEED,
TOBACCO, SEGARS,
CANNED FRUITS,
HARDWARE,
CEDAR-WARE,
QUEENSWARE,
OIL CLOTHS,
OILS,
PAINTS, &C.,
DRUGS,
CARPETS, CARPET CHAIN,
FISH, SALT, CHEESE,
TRUNKS,
HAMS, SHOULDERS, SIDES, &c. &c.

They have a large stock of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

Consisting of SILKS, MOHAIRS, ALPACAS, POPLINS, LUSTRES, GINGHAMS, MERINOS, PLAIDS, DE LAINES, &c., &c., &c.

Also, a large assortment of

DRESS TRIMMINGS, EMBROIDERY, HOSIERY, GLOVES, BUTTONS, &c.

A FULL LINE OF WHITE GOODS.

We will sell WHOLESALE and RETAIL.

All goods delivered to residences in town and depots, free of charge.

Give us a trial before purchasing elsewhere.

JOHNSTON & WATTSON.
Huntingdon. April 8, 1867.

Brass Musical Instruments
FOR SALE.

1 Silver E flat Cornet, 2 Brass E flat Cornets, 2 E flat Altos, 3 B flat Tenors, 1 Baritone, 2 E flat Basses, 1 Bass Drum.

The above outfit for a Band will be sold at very low rates, and those desiring to purchase should avail themselves of this opportunity.

Apply to E. W. THOMAS,
Huntingdon, Jan16-tf *Teacher of Cornet Bands.*

PERFUMERY and Fancy Soaps for sale at J. LEWIS' Family Grocery.

BEALE'S
Late Powell's Embrocation,
For all Diseases Incident to HORSES, CATTLE, and the HUMAN FLESH,
Requiring the use of an External Application.

This new Compound, prepared by a practical Chemist having a full knowledge of all the medical virtues of each ingredient that enters into its composition, is warranted to exceed anything of the kind ever yet offered to the Public as an external application for the diseases for which it is recommended. We are satisfied that it will work its own road into the confidence of all who use it, and those who try it once will never be without it, and therefore we rely on experience as the best test of its usefulness. It is pronounced by Farriers, and all who have tried it to be the best application ever used. This Embrocation has been put up for over eight years, and it is only through the increasing demand and urgent request of my friends and the Public that I send it forth as the grand remedial agent for the various diseases to which that noble and useful animal, the horse, is subject

Many remedies have been offered to the Public under different forms, some of these are injurious, others at best of little use, and many wholly improper to answer the purposes for which they are recommended.

A judicious and really useful composition, free from those objections, has therefore long been desired by many gentlemen who have valuable horses, and are unwilling to trust them to the care of designing and pretended Farriers. Their wishes are at length fully gratified, by Dr. Beale being prevailed upon to allow this valuable Embrocation (which has proved so efficacious to the various diseases) to be prepared and brought out to the public.

This Embrocation was extensively used by the Government during the war.

Address all Orders to Dr. EDMUND BEALE,
602 South Second Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

For sale at Lewis' Book Store, and by Store Keepers generally. may 1, '67-6m.

MEDICAL ELECTRICITY
BY
DR. WILLIAM BREWSTER,
M'CONNELLSTOWN, PA.

For the benefit of those proposing to undertake Electrical treatment for diseases we give in the following list a few of the more prominent and most common complaints met with in our practice, in all of which we are most successful. In NEARLY ALL CASES OF CHRONIC DISEASE, ELECTRICITY IS A SURE REMEDY, AND IN ALL CASES BENEFICIAL, IF PROPERLY APPLIED. Those, therefore, afflicted with complaints not here enumerated, need have no hesitation in applying, and whether only RELIEF, or a PERMANENT CURE can be effected, they will receive replies accordingly. All communications free.

1 Epilepsy, Chorea, St. Vitus' Dance, Paralysis, Neuralgia, Hysteria, Nervousness, Palpitation of the Heart, Lock-Jaw, etc.
2 Sore Throat, Dyspepsia, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Obstinate Constipation, Hemorrhoids, or Piles, Bilious, Flatulent, and Painter's Colic, and all affections of the Liver and Spleen.
3 Catarrh, Cough, Influenza, Asthma, (where not caused by organic disease of the heart,) Bronchitis, Pleurisy, Rheumatism of the Chest, Consumption in the early stages.
4 Gravel, Diabetis, and Kidney Complaints.
5 Rheumatism, Gout, Lumbago, Stiff Neck, Spinal Diseases, Hip Diseases, Cancers, Tumors; (those last named always cured without pain, or cutting, or plasters in any form)

In a word, we propose to cure all curable diseases.

We have no connection whatever with any other Electrical office in this or any other county.

All letters address to WM. BREWSTER, M. D.,
ja10'67 McConnellstown, Pa.

CHEAP GROCERY STORE.
Z. YENTER,
HILL ST., HUNTINGDON, PA.

THE undersigned offers for the inspection and purchase of customers a large and assorted stock of Groceries, Provisions, &c. He feels satisfied they can be accomodated with anything in his line. His prices are low, and his stock fresh and good. He keeps the best of

SUGAR, COFFEE,
TEAS, SPICES, SALT,
TOBACCO & SEGARS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS & CAPS, &c.

ALSO—
HAMS, SHOULDERS, SIDES,
MOLASSES, OILS, VINEGAR,
FISH, CHEESE, FLOUR RICE,
And NOTIONS of every kind.

A select stock of DRY GOODS, together with QUEENSWARE, and all other articles kept in a well regulated establishment for sale at reasonable prices.

☞ His store is on Hill street, nearly opposite the Bank, and in the room formerly occupied by D. Geyer. Call and examine.

Z. YENTER.
Huntingdon, may 8, 1867

THE PLACE TO BUY
NEW AND CHEAP GOODS
FOR SPRING AND SUMMER.
WM. MARCH & BRO.

Respectfully inform the public generally that they have just received a large and splendid stock of goods at their store in Huntingdon, consisting in part of

SILKS,
DRY GOODS,
DRESS GOODS,
BOOTS & SHOES,
HATS, CAPS, TINWARE,
LADIES' FANCY TRIMMINGS,
HOOP SKIRTS, BONNETS, BUTTONS,
WOOD AND WILLOW WARE,
QUEENSWARE, HARDWARE,
PROVISIONS, GROCERIES,
CRACKERS, NOTIONS,
TOBACCO, SEGARS,
GLASS, NAILS,
FISH, SALT,
&c., &c.

Also, CARPETS and OIL-CLOTH,

And in fact everything that is usually kept in a first-class store, all which were bought low for cash and will sold at correspondingly low prices for cash, or country produce, and request the public to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere, feeling satisfied we can offer superior inducements to cash buyers.

We respectfully solicit the patronage of all, and the public are cordially invited to examine our goods.

Everything taken in exchange for goods except promises.

WM. MARCH & BRO.
Huntingdon, ap. 10, 1867.

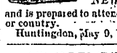
HEAD QUARTERS
FOR
NEW GOODS.
D. P. GWIN
INFORMS THE PUBLIC
THAT HE HAS
JUST OPENED
A
SPLENDID STOCK OF NEW GOODS
THAT
CAN'T BE BEAT
IN
CHEAPNESS AND QUALITY.
COME AND SEE.
D. P. GWIN.
Huntingdon, ap. 10, '67.

FURNITURE!
J. M. WISE,
Manufacturer and Dealer in
FURNITURE

Respectfully invites the attention of the Public to his stand on Hill st., Huntingdon; in the rear of George W Swartz' Watch and Jewelry store, where he manufactures and keeps all kinds of Furniture at reduced prices. Persons wishing to purchase, will do well to give him a call.

Repairing of all kinds attended to promptly and charges reasonable.

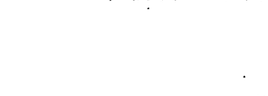
☞ Also, Undertaking carried on, and Coffins made in any style desired, at short notice.



The subscriber has a *NEW AND ELEGANT HEARSE,* and is prepared to attend Funerals at any place in town or country.

Huntingdon, May 9, 1866-tf J. M. WISE.

SPECTACLES.



A fine and large assortment always on hand
AT LEWIS' BOOK STORE.

SEGARS.—Best quality of Segars for sale at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

The Globe.

The Housekeeper.

About Tomatoes—If very ripe, they will skin easily, if not pour scalding water on them, and let them remain in it for four or five minutes. Peel and put them into a stew pan, with a tablespoonful of water, if not very juicy; if so no water will be required. Put in a little salt, and stew them for half an hour, then turn them into a deep dish with buttered toast. Another way of cooking them, which is considered very nice by epicures, is to put them in a deep dish, with fine bread crumbs, crackers pounded fine, a layer of each alternately; put small bits of butter, a little nutmeg and sugar. Have a layer of bread crumbs on top. Bake it three-quarters of an hour.

Scalloped Tomatoes—Scalp ripe tomatoes and put them in a dish with bread crumbs, layer over layer seasoning with salt and red pepper. Have the bread crumbs on the top and bake three hours.

Tomatoes to Stuff—Take some fine tomatoes and scoop the inside out, which should be set aside until required. Chop or mince fine some beef, mutton, or other fresh under done meat; mix with a little pe t, and little sweet herbs; or make a force meat and mix with the scooping of the tomatoes; form into a good consistency and stuff the inside of the vegetable with the mixture. Set the prepared vegetables in a dish with a little lard in a slow oven, and bake until tender; then serve with the liquor that exudes during the process; but if not brown enough, color by means of a salamander held over the top of each.

A good rich gravey poured over all improves the flavor very much. This is the best way to dress these vegetables, and serves also to make cold meat palatable, in addition to forming a pretty and economical side dish.

To Keep Tomatoes—Peel the tomatoes, and keep them in a kettle over the fire till they boil for ten or fifteen minutes. They are then ready for sealing. The half gallon sized cans are the best for the purpose. Fill one with hot tomatoes, wipe off from the cement any juice, and put on the cover. The contents of the can will so heat the cover that it is only necessary to press it firmly into place. When first closed, as the confined steam is elastic, it will rise up, and a weight, say five pounds, must be used to keep it down; or a piece of ice may be laid on it, which will condense the steam within. If the can is larger than the weight, put a board on first. When the can is and bottom will concave; if the cement of the cover should not be sufficiently melted, hold on the top a heated flat-iron till the cover goes down into its place.

Tomata Vinegar—No great skill is required to make the article. Express the juice, and put in any clean vessel exposed to the air in a warm place, and it will soon become vinegar. It will make a stronger vinegar if molasses is added to the juice.

Sweet Green Tomato Pickles—Peel and slice two gallons green tomatoes, five tablespoonsful of ground mustard, three gills of mustard seed, two tablespoonsful of ground pepper, two tablespoonsful of ground cinnamon, one tablespoonful of cloves, one pound of brown sugar, three quarts of vinegar. Boil altogether until quite done. If one choose, they may use one spoonful ground and and a portion of cinnamon bark. A little celery tops give a fine flavor. These are excellent.

Superior Corn Bread or Cakes—Made without eggs or milk. Take three cups of corn meal, one and a half cup wheat flour, three-fourths cup lard, three-fourths cup brown sugar, four teaspoons baking powder, one teaspoon salt and water enough to mix a batter that will pour. Bake with a quick fire in a pound cake dish, three-fourths of an hour, or in a bread pan one or two inches deep, or as griddle cakes. It makes a good pudding with dip. Try it.

A Receipt Worth One Thousand Dollars.—The Ohio *Cultivator* says: Take one pound of sal soda and a half a pound of unslacked lime, put then in a gallon of water and boil twenty minutes; let it stand till cool, then drain off and put in a strong jug or jar, soak your dirty clothes over night, or until they are wet through, then wring them out and rub on plenty of soap, and in one boiler of clothes well covered with water add one teacupful of washing fluid; boil half an hour briskly, then wash them thoroughly through one suds, rins, and your clothes will look better than the old way of washing twice before boiling. This is an invaluable receipt, and I want every poor, tired woman to try it. I think with a patent washtub to do the little rubbing the washerwoman might take the old Bible and compose herself on a lounge and let the washing do itself.

CARE OF SHEEP.—Regularity of feeding makes better wool, than a feast one day and a famine the next. Be not content with small sheep and light fleeces. With all our improvements in this department, there is still great room for more. A Spanish proverb says, "The eye of the master fattens the horse." Washington tells us that when he superintended his sheep, the average weight of fleece was over five pounds, but after he had been absent from home a few years it was less than three.—*Working Farmer*

WHARTON & MAGUIRE,

HILL STREET,

HUNTINGDON, PA.,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS IN

Foreign and Domestic

HARDWARE,

CUTLERY, &C.

The attention of MECHANICS, FARMERS, BUILDERS, and buyers generally, is invited to the fact that we are now offering a BETTER ASSORTMENT of

HARDWARE, CUTLERY &C.,

than can be found elsewhere in this part of the State, at prices to suit the times. Our stock comprises all articles in this line of business, embracing a general assortment of TOOLS and MATERIALS used by CARPENTERS, BLACKSMITHS, CARRIAGE and WAGON MAKERS JOINERS, &c., &c., together with a large stock of

Iron, Steel, Nails, Spikes, Railroad and Mining Supplies, Saddlery, Rope, Chains, Grindstones, Circular, Mill and Cross-Cut Saws, Enamelled, Finished and Plain Hollow Ware.

Coal Oil Lamps and Lanterns, Oil and Powder Cans.

An excellent assortment of

Fine Cutlery,

Comprising KNIVES, FORKS, DESSERT, TEA AND TABLE SPOONS, SCISSORS, RAZORS, &C.

BRITTANIA & SILVER PLATED WARE.

Household, Horticultural and Farm Implements,

Of the latest and most improved patterns,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND AND FOR SALE

AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

CARRIAGE & WAGON MAKERS

Will find a general assortment of material for their use consisting in part of

Carriage Trimmings, Hubs, Spokes, Rims, Axles, Springs, Nuts, Bolts, Washers, Malleable Iron, Patent and enamelled Leather, Whips, Tongues, Sockets, Shafts, &c.

BLACKSMITHS

Can be supplied with

ANVILS, BELLOWS, VICES,

SLEDGES, HAMMERS,

HORSE AND MULE SHOES,

Horse Nails, and all kinds of Iron & Steel

CARPENTERS

Will find in our establishment a superior stock of

PLANES, SAWS, AUGERS, HATCHETS, FILES, CHISELS, HINGES, SCREWS, LOCKS, BOLTS, PULLEYS, SASH-CORDS, &C., &C.

MINING AND MINERS' GOODS.

NAILS and SPIKES, of all varieties

BLASTING POWDER, FUSE,

COAL PICKS AND SHOVELS.

Farmers

Can be accommodated with everything in their line from a Grain Separator to a Whet-stone.

Builders

Are especially invited to call and examine our stock of

BUILDING HARDWARE,

and compare our prices with others.

Agricultural Implements,

Comprising the famous Russell

Reaper, Mower, and Dropper, combined,

Rundell's First Premium HORSE PITCHFORK, Rakes, Scythes, Hoes, Hay Forks, Trace and Halter Chains, Breast Chains, Cow Ties, Curry Combs, Cards, &c., &c., &c.

Among the specialties of our House, we desire to call attention to the celebrated

OHIO PUMP,

The exclusive right to sell which is vested in us. Send for a circular and get full particulars of same, and satisfy yourself of its superior qualities.

SCALES.

Scales of all sizes and descriptions, including

Tea and Counter Scales, Platform Scales, Grocers' and Druggists' Scales, Rolling Mill, Wheelbarrow, Pork, Portable, Hopper, Miners and Transportation, Hay, Cattle and Coal Scales,

FURNISHED AT MANUFACTURERS' CASH PRICES.

The largest and best assortment of

GLASS, PAINTS, OIL & PUTTY,

Ever offered in this place.

A GREAT VARIETY OF

COOK & PARLOR STOVES.

ALL SIZES OF

NAILS AND BRADS,

By the keg. Very low!

Best Norway nail, rod, bar an hoop Iron.

STEEL, of all sizes and descriptions.

WAGON BOXES, CARRIAGE SPRINGS, IRON AND BRASS WIRE.

Lard, Lubricating and Coal Oil,

By the barrel or gallon, at very low figures.

☞ A call is respectfully solicited, feeling confident that our goods and prices will not fail to please. ☜

WHARTON & MAGUIRE.

Huntingdon, May 7, 1867.

WHAT WAS WANTED!

OPEN and READY FOR BUSINESS

H. GREENBERG,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Respectfully informs the public that he has opened a new store in Fisher & Son's New Building, in the Diamond in Huntingdon, where all kinds of

READY-MADE CLOTHING, PIECE GOODS,

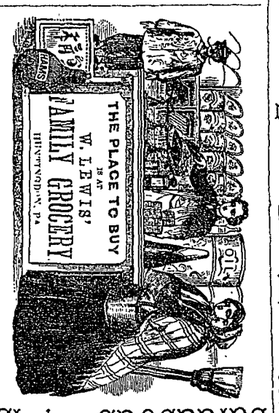
Hats, Umbrellas, Traveling Bags, etc.,

Can be found to suit all who may favor him with their patronage.

His Piece Goods are of the best quality and will be MADE UP TO ORDER in the most fashionable and best make and style. All goods can be bought at this establishment from 10 to 20 per cent. cheaper than at any other place. All desiring a good suit of clothing at a fair price should call and examine goods and prices. All goods leaving his establishment will be warranted to be what may be represented.

H. GREENBERG, Merchant Tailor.

Huntingdon, Nov. 21, 1866.



Choice GROCERIES

JUST RECEIVED.

Also,

Canned Peaches, Tomatoes, Peas and Corn.

Also,

Spiced Lobster, Oysters, Chow chow, Worcestershire sauce, French Mustard, Horse Radish, Pepper sauce, Catsup, Olive Oil, &c., &c., and

All kinds of Syrups,

such as strawberry, pineapple, blackberry, &c

CALL AND SEE.

MUSIC STORE.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS AND SEWING MACHINES.

B. M. GREENE has removed his Music Store, to the second door of Leister's building, where he keeps constantly on hand STEINWAY & SONS' and GAEHLE'S Piano Manufacturing Company's PIANOS, MASON & HAMLIN'S CABINET ORGANS and CARHART, NEEDHAM & CO.'S MELODEONS; Guitars, Violins, Fifes, Flutes; Guitar and Violin Strings; MUSIC BOOKS—Golden Chain, Golden Shower, Golden Censer, Golden Trio, &c., &c.

SHEET MUSIC—He is constantly receiving from Philadelphia all the latest music, which persons at a distance wishing can order, and have sent them by mail.

REPAIRING—Every machine that is standing in need of any kind of sewing, embroidery perfectly; sewing Silk and Cotton of all kinds and colors for machines.

Persons buying Sewing Machines fully instructed in the use of them.

☞ Pianos and Organs Warranted for five years.

Those wishing to buy any of the above articles are invited to call and examine mine before purchasing elsewhere My prices are the same as in New York and Philadelphia.

Circulars of Instruments or Machines, sent promptly upon application with any additional information desired.

B. M. GREENE,
Hill street, Huntingdon, Pa.,
may8,'67 Second door of Leister's new brick building

HUNTINGDON

MONUMENTS. HEADSTONES, ETC.

MARBLE YARD.

J. M. GREEN & F. O. BEAVER

Having entered into partnership, inform the public that they are prepared to execute all styles of

Plain and ornamental Marble Work

Such as MONUMENTS. HEADSTONES, also Building Work, at as low prices as any shop in the county.

Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

Shop on MIFFLIN street, a few doors east of the Lutheran church

m'ch5,1867

MARBLE YARD. The undersigned would respectfully call the attention of the citizens of Huntingdon and the adjoining counties to the stock of beautiful marble now on hand. He is prepared to furnish at the shortest notice, Monumental Marble, Tomb, Tables and Stones of every desired size and form of Italian or Eastern Marble, highly finished, and carved with appropriate devices, or plain, as may suit.

Building Marble, Door and Window Sills, &c., will be furnished to order.

W. W. pledges himself to furnish material and work manship equal to any in the country, at a *fair price.* Call and see, before you purchase elsewhere. Shop on the corner of Montgomery and Mifflin s s. Huntingdon, Pa.

WM. WILLIAMS.

Huntingdon, May 16 1855.

PAPER! PAPER!! PAPER!!!

Tracing Paper,
Impression Paper,
Drawing Paper,
Deed Paper,
Tissue Paper,
Silk Paper for Flowers,
Perforated Paper,
Bristol Board,
Ivory Card Paper,
Flat Cap Paper,
Foolscap Paper,
Letter Paper,
Commercial Note Paper,
Ladies' Gilt Edged Letter and Note Paper,
Ladies' Plain and Fancy Note Paper,
White and Colored Card Paper, in Packs and Sheets.

For sale at LEWIS' Book, Stationery and Music Store.

MUSIC — THE CYTHARA—The Presbyterian Psalmodist—The Shawn—The Jubilee—Hunten's and Bertini's enlarged and improved Instructors—Weiland's New and Improved Method for the Guitar—Leland's Accordeon, Violin and Flute Instructors—Winner's and Howe's Violin Instructors—Bellak's Melodeon Instructor—Burrowes' Piano-Forte Primer—do. Thorough-Base Primer—Howe's Drawing Room Dances—The Chorus Glee Book—Tara's Harp, for sale at

LEWIS' BOOK, STATIONERY & MUSIC STORE.

SPICES.

All kinds of Spices for sale at Lewis' Family Grocery Huntingdon, Pa.

CALL at D. P. GWIN'S if you want GOOD GOODS.

BOOTS AND SHOES, of every variety at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

NEW GOODS CONSTANTLY RECEIVED at CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

LOVE'S Pure and Superior Rio Coffee in packages of one pound. for sale at *LEWIS* Family Grocery.

A LARGE VARIETY of articles too numerous to mention, for sale at LEWIS family Grocery. Call and see.

CUNNINGHAM & CARMON ARE selling off at greatly reduced prices

1867. NEW METROPOLITAN 1867.

HARDWARE STORE,

HUNTINGDON, PA.

JAS. A. BROWN

Now located in the splendid storeroom in his new

MAMMOTH BRICK BUILDING,

HILL ST., HUNTINGDON, PENNA.

Offers at WHOLESALE and RETAIL an immense stock and endless variety of

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

HARDWARE,

CUTLERY,

Paints, Oils, Glass, &c

AT REDUCED PRICES.

ELEVEN YEARS diligent attention to business in the Hardware trade in this place, has given me an experience that enables me to secure great advantages for my customers in the selection of the *best standard brands* and *reliable qualities* of goods.

Buying for cash direct from the manufacturers, and being in almost daily receipt of goods, bought since the decline in prices, I can offer rare advantages to buyers.

My stock embraces a general assortment of

TOOLS AND MATERIALS FOR

Carpenters, Blacksmiths, Gunsmiths, Shoemakers, Saddlers, Painters, Coachmakers, Cabinet Makers, Machinists, Foundrymen, And all other kinds of Mechanics.

BUILDERS

Will find here a superior stock of

Nails and Spikes,

LOCKS, BOLTS, SCREWS, HINGES, FINISHING NAILS,

Glass and Putty, Oil and Paints.

Colors of all kinds, Paint Brushes, Varnishes, &c.

Glass cut to any size.

CARPENTERS

Will find a well selected stock of

Disston's and Spear & Jackson's Saws,

Chisels and Planes,	Steel squares,
Augers, Auger Bits,	Gauges, Saw sets,
Braces, Hatchets,	Oil stones, Files.

BORING MACHINES, with two cranks and three augers to each.

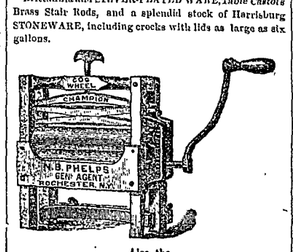
FOR HOUSEKEEPERS

HOLLOW-WARE,

Pans, Skillets,	Dust Pans, Scrub Brushes,
Waffle Irons, Brass Kettles,	Bath Bricks,
Iron Tea Kettles,	Knives and Forks,
Coal Buckets and shovels,	Tea and Table Spoons.

Brittania and SILVER-PLATED WARE, Table *Castors*

Brass Stair Rods, and a splendid stock of Harrisburg STONEWARE, including crocks with lids as large as six gallons.



Also, the

Champion cog wheel Clothes Wringer,

With a late improvement. This is now the very best and most desirable Wringer in the market. Having the agency for this place I can sell them strictly at the manufacturer's prices. All warranted.

BLACKSMITHS

Will be supplied with

Horse shoes, Horse nails,	Stocks and Dies,
Norway Nail Rods,	Rasps, Files,
Iron and Steel Anvils,	Buttresses,
Vices, Bellows,	and other tools in their line.

CARRIAGE & WAGON-MAKERS

Will find a supply of

Carriage Oil Cloth,	Axe-tires and Fire Bolts,
Trimmings, Seat sticks,	Drop black coach Varnish,
Felloes, Spokes and Rims,	Dash and enameled Leather,
Shafts, Tongues,	Spoke Augers,
Sleigh Runners, Fenders,	and other materials.

FINE CUTLERY,

Comprising Table Knives and Forks of best American and English styles and qualities, Carvers' Butcher knives, Razors, Shears and Scissors, Pruning Knives, Pruning Shears, and the largest variety of styles of

POCKET KNIVES

To be found in central Pennsylvania, including Wostenholm's famous IXL cutlery.

SHOEMAKERS

As heretofore will find here the best assortment of Tools and Findings in their line of trade, consisting of

Hammers, Pincers,	Lasts, Pegs, Awls,
Measuring Sticks and straps	Eyelets, Shoe Thread,
Forepart and shank Irons,	Wax, Bristles,
Burnishers, Welt Knives,	Steel and Iron Shoe Nails,
Stitching Gauges, etc.,	Round head nails, etc.,

SADDLERS & HARNESS MAKERS

Are also provided for. Saddle Trees of the best Pittsburg make, Girthing, Straining, and Rein web, Stirrups, Hames, Pad Trees, and a full variety of Silver, Brass and Japanned Harness Mountings, &c., &c.

FARMERS

And others will see that my stock comprises many useful articles in their line, such as

Scythes, Rakes, Spades,	Pointing axes,
Shovels, Forks, Hoes,	Grindstones, Wove wire,
Garden Rakes, H rse hames,	DISSTON'S MILL SAWS,
Trace Chains, Halter chains,	Circular. Cross-cut, Wood
Curry combs, Horse brushes,	and steel Saws,
Wagon Jacks,	Post Augers,
Shovel Moulds, Mann's axes	Trowels, &c.

Also, two or three kinds of the best

HORSE HAY FORKS.

Made in the United States and by which a load of hay can be taken from the wagon to the mow in about five minutes. These forks save labor, hay and money, and no thrifty farmer can afford to do without one. The

EXCELSIOR FORK

has been extensively used and gives great satisfaction.—I warrant all the forks I sell.

COAL OIL LAMPS & LANTERNS

COFFIN LACES and all Trimmings for Cabinet-makers

CHEAP WOODEN PUMPS.

The merit of these pumps is shown by the fact that the demand for them is rapidly increasing every where. There is no iron in them to corrode and injure the water. They are light and convenient, so that every man can put in his own pump, the whole only costing him about one half the price of other pumps. Pumps, and wooden pipe to suit them, promptly shipped by railroad on receipt of orders. Give depth from floor to bottom of well.

Terra Cotta DRAIN PIPE, Hot Air REGISTERS for Ceilings, COOK STOVES, of any pattern desired.

JAMES A. BROWN.

Don't forget the SIGN OF THE PADLOCK.

Huntingdon, April 10, 1867.

DOWN!
DOWN!!
DOWN!!!

The prices of the same quality of Goods are

LOWER

at the

FIRST NATIONAL STORE,

Than any other House in town.

☞ Give us a call and be convinced.

Husbands, come and bring your wives,
For they're the comfort of your lives,
And let *your judges be your eyes*—
AT OUR CHEAP STORE.

The only Place to Get Good

CALICOES for Ten Cents a Yard.

50 Packages Fresh MACKEREL just received.

ROHM & MILLER.

Huntingdon, apl7.

1867. 1867.

CLOTHING.

H. ROMAN.

NEW CLOTHING FOR

SPRING AND SUMMER,

JUST RECEIVED AT

H. ROMAN'S

CHEAP CLOTHING STORE.

For Gentlemen's Clothing of the best material, and made in the best workmanlike manner, call at

H. ROMAN'S,

opposite the Franklin House in Market Square, Huntingdon, Pa.

Huntingdon ap. 16,'67.

READ AND BE POSTED!

TO THE NEWLY MARRIED

AND ALL IN WANT OF

New Furniture, &c.

THE undersigned would respectfully announce that he manufactures and keeps constantly on hand a large and splendid assortment of DINING AND BREAKFAST TABLES, BUREAUS, BEDSTEADS, WASH AND CANDLE STANDS

Windsor and cane seat chairs, cupboards, gilt and rosewood moulding for mirror and picture frames, and a variety of articles not mentioned, at prices that cannot fail to be satisfactory.

He is also agent for the well known Bailey & Decamp patent spring Bed bottom.

The public are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Work and sales room on Hill street, near Smith, one door west of Venter's store.

JAMES HIGGINS.

Huntingdon, Aug. 1, 1866

SPECIAL NOTICE.

TO THE LADIES.—Do you really intend to cease wearing the beautiful styles now so prevalent, or dress less elegantly, because the rebel Jeff. Davis, was captured in Fashionable Female attire? One moment's calm reflection will surely serve to change your rash resolve. The angels had too much good sense to lay aside their pure chaste robes of white, because they had for a time served to hide the deformities of that Prince of Rebels, the Devil. Can you err in following the example of Angels? Then having made up your minds that you will continue to dress tastefully regardless of rebel-cats, *do not forget to call at the store of the subscribers, who will be happy at all times to furnish you with such articles of dress as you may desire.* Urge your father, husbands, brothers, neighbors and children to visit our Boots, Shoes, Clothing Material, Hats, Caps, Queensware and a general assortment of Groceries, on as reasonable terms as at any House in town. Store on Southeast corner of the Diamond, Huntingdon, Pa.

may 31, 1865. FRANCIS B. WALLACE.

PROF. J. H. M'ENTYRE'S GREAT REMEDY,

THE

INDIAN COMPOUND

Internal and External Medicine,

WILL CURE:

Diarrhœa; Bloody Flux in one day,
Headache and Earache in three minutes.
Toothache in one minute.
Neuralgia in five minutes,
Sprains in twenty minutes,
Sore Throat in ten minutes,
Cholic and Cramp in five minutes,
Rheumatism in one day,
Pain in the Back or Side in ten minutes,
Bad Coughs or Colds in one day,
Fever and Ague in one day.
Cures Deafness, Asthma, Piles,
Bronchitis Affections, Dyspepsia,
Inflammation of the Kidneys, Erysipelas,
Liver Complaint and Palpitation of the Heart.

Keep it in your Families—Sickness comes when least expected.

I propose to check, and effectually dissipate more ache and pain, and to accomplish more *perfect equilibrium* of all the circulating fluids in the human system, than can be effected by any other, or all other methods of medical aid in the same space of time.

THIS POPULAR REMEDY is fast coming into use, for the fact that I cure, free of charge, all those complaints whenever there is an *opportunity to do so.* As soon as it is applied it almost miraculously kills the pain. I do not ask you to buy before you are certain of its efficacy. If you have an acheer pain, it is warranted to do *all it* purports on the label.

I do not propose to cure *every* disease—only a class named by my directions. My liniment operates on chemical and electric principles, and is, therefore *applicable,* to the cure or natural restoative of all organic derangement arising from an improper circulation of the nerve *vital fluids.*

Prof. J. H. McEntyre's INDIAN COMPOUND acts directly on the absorbents, reducing glandular and other *swellings in incredible* short time, *without any possible danger from its use* under any possible circumstances.

This is an internal and external medicine—*composed of* roots, herbs and barks, such as our forefathers used.—There is a bountiful supply on earth to cure all complaints if we only know *what they were.*

This has been a great study with the Medical Faculty for many years, to find out the kinds best adapted to the above complaints—how to put them together, and what proportions to use.

J. H. McENTYRE,
Proprietor, Reading, Pa.

For sale at Lewis' Book Store.

Huntingdon, Pa., Sept. 6, 1865.

McENTYRE'S

DANDELION PILLS,

For all diseases arising from one cause, viz: Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Catarrh in the Head, Weak and disordered Stomach, such as Indigestion, Sick Headache, Giddiess of the Head, Weakness of Sight, Windy Ailments, Rheumatism, and Rheumatic Pains, Pains in the Back or Side, Nervous Debility, Lowness of Spirits, Impurity of the Blood, *Blotches or Eruptions* of the Body, Gravel, Worms, &c. &c. Sold at 25 cents per box.

McENTYRE'S

INDIAN VEGETABLE

WORM DESTROYER.

This infallible medicine is warranted to expel worms in all cases and may be given to children of all ages, as they are purely vegetable and *perfectly harmless.*

☞ Can be had at Lewis' Book store, Huntingdon, Pa

ALEXANDRIA BREWERY.

THOMAS N. COLDER.

The undersigned having now entered into the Alexandria Brewery, the public are informed that he will be prepared at all times to fill orders on the shortest notice.

THOS. N. COLDER.

Alexandria, Oct. 23, 1866-tf.

EVERYBODY MUST LIVE!

CALL AT

LEWIS' FAMILY GROCERY.

The best of everything will be constantly kept on hand and sold at the lowest prices possible. Quick sales and small profits.

CHOICE CANDIES

Of all kinds, for sale wholesale and retail at Lewis & Co's Family Grocery.

IF YOU WANT the BEST SYRUP, go to CUNNINGHAM & CARMON'S.

Philadelphia Advertisements.

FOR BITUMINOUS COAL.

NO DUST! NO GAS!! NO DAMPERS!!

ESTABLISHED 1851.

J. REYNOLDS & SON,

N. W. Corner 13th & Filbert streets,

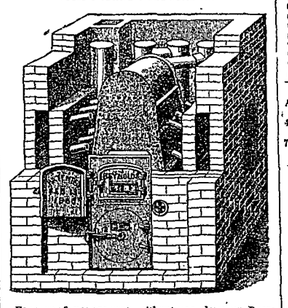
PHILADELPHIA, PA.,

Sole Manufacturers of the Celebrated

WROUGHT-IRON, AIR-TIGHT

GAS-CONSUMING HEATER,

WITH PATENT DUST-SCREEN.



For ease of management without any dampers, Durability, Simplicity, and Economy, this Heater has no superior in this country. They are all guaranteed to give satisfaction. Estimates made free of charge.

Cooking Ranges, Latrobe Heaters, Slate Mantles, Low Down Grates, Portable Heaters, Registers, Ventilators, &c., &c.

Send for one of our Illustrated Pamphlets. [apl0-1y

SILVER'S WASH POWDER!

SAVES TIME, LABOR, MONEY.

Makes Washing a Pastime and Monday a Festival.

SOLD EVERYWHERE. TRY IT!

Address all orders to the Manufacturers

ZIEGLER & SMITH,
Chemists and Wholesale Druggists,
No. 137 Nth. Third Street, Philad'a.

mch20-1y

GOOD NEWS FOR MOTHERS.

Mothers, are you oppressed with anxiety for your little ones? Are your slumbers and hearts broken by their cries? Do you awake in the morning unrefreshed and apprehensive? If so, procure at once a bottle of Dr. Leon's Infant Remedy and you will have no more weary hours of watching and anxiety.

DR. LEON'S INFANT REMEDY,

Has stood the test of years. Thousands of nurses and mothers bear witness that it never fails to give relief if used in season. It is a mild, yet sure and speedy cure for Colic, Cramps and Windy Pains, and is invaluable for all complaints incident to Teething.

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S. S. CAMPBELL & CO.,

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BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS!!

JOSEPH L. POULTON,

Strawberry Alley, near Third Street,

HARRISBURG,

Respectfully informs the public that he has opened for their use his new and elegantly fitted up Billiard Room. It contains

FOUR NEW TABLES OF SHARP'S MANUFACTURE, superior to any now in the city.

This Billiard Room challenges comparison with *any* room in the State, west of Philadelphia.

No more Bald Heads!

No more Gray Locks!

DR. LEON'S

ELECTRIC HAIR RENEWER,

Is pronounced by all who have used it the very best preparation for the Hair. It is a positive cure for Baldness, eradicates *Dandruff and Humors,* stops the hair from falling out, and speedily restores Gray Locks to their original hue and luxuriance.

It operates on the secretions and fills the glands with new life and coloring matter. Thin, dead, faded or gray hair will always be brought back by a few applications, to its youthful abundance, *vitality and color.*

It makes the hair soft, glossy, fragrant, pleasant to the touch and, easy to arrange. Dry, wiry and intractable locks become moist, pliant and disposed to remain in any desired position. As a Hair Dressing it has no equal.—The sales are enormous and it is a universal favorite with old and young of both sexes.

Sold by Druggists throughout the United States. Address all orders to

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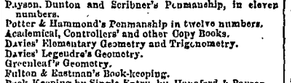

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The best Flour, by the barrel or smaller quantity for sale at Lewis' Family Grocery.

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All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for Goods at Lewis' Family Grocery.

PENNSYLVANIA RAIL ROAD.

TIME OF LEAVING OF TRAINS

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

WESTWARD.					EASTWARD			
MAIL.	PHILADELPHIA EXPRESS.	PHILADELPHIA FAST LINE.	CINCINNATI EXPRESS.	STATIONS.	DAY EXPRESS.	NEW YORK MAIL.	PHILADELPHIA EXPRESS.	
P M	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.		A. M.	A M	P. M	
5 04	.....	12 13	.....	N. Hamilton,	.....	9 15	.....	
5 11	.....	12 23	.....	Mt. Union,	.....	9 06	.....	
5 20	.....	12 34	.....	Mapleton,	.....	8 57	.....	
5 29	.....	12 41	.....	Mill Creek,	.....	8 49	.....	
5 44	7 00	1 00	3 33	Huntingdon,	9 48	8 34	10 56	
6 03	.....	1 20	.....	Petersburg,	.....	8 16	.....	
6 12	.....	1 30	.....	Barree,	.....	8 08	.....	
6 20	.....	1 38	.....	Spruce Creek,	.....	8 01	.....	
6 34	.....	1 56	.....	Birmingham,	.....	7 47	.....	
6 43	7 47	2 10	4 05	Tyrone,	9 02	7 38	10 07	
6 54	.....	2 22	.....	Tipton,	.....	7 27	.....	
7 09	.....	2 28	.....	Fostoria,	.....	7 22	.....	
7 06	.....	2 34	.....	Bell's Mills,	.....	7 18	.....	
7 23	8 15	3 05	4 35	Altoona,	8 30	7 00	9 35	
P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.		A. M.	A. M.	P. M	

The FAST LINE Eastward leaves Altoona at 3 25 A. M., and arrives at Huntingdon at 4 47 A. M.

The CINCINNATI EXPRESS Eastward leaves Altoona at 4 15 P. M. and arrives at Huntingdon at 5 23 P. M.

The FAST LINE Westward, leaves Huntingdon at 7 40 P. M., and arrives at Altoona at 8 55 P. M.

Apl. 28, 1867.

READING RAIL ROAD.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT,

APRIL 8, 1867.

GREAT TRUNK LINE FROM THE North and North-West for PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK, READING, POTTSVILLE, TAMAQUA, ASHLAND, LEBANON, ALLENTOWN, EASTON, EPHRATA, LITIZ, LANCASTER, COLUMBIA, &c., &c.

Trains leave Harrisburg for New York, as follows: At 3 00, 8,10 and 9 35 A. M., and 2 10 and 9,00 P. M., connecting with similar trains on the Pennsylvania R. R, arriving at New York 5,00 and 10 10A. M., & 2,40, 5,20, 10 35 P. M. Sleeping cars accompany the 3 00 a m and 9 00 p. m. trains without change.

Leave Harrisburg for Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, Minersville, Ashland, Pine Grove, Allentown and Philadelphia at 8 10 A. M., and 2 10 and 4 10 P. M., stopping at Lebanon and principal way stations; the 4 10 p. m. train making connections for Philadelphia and Columbia only. For Pottsville, Schuylkill Haven and Auburn, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna R.R., leave Harrisburg at 3 20 P M.

Returning, leave NEW YORK at 9 A. M., 12 Noon, 5 & 8 P. M; Philadelphia at 8,15 A. M., and 3 30 P. M; Way Passenger train leaves Philadelphia at 7 30 A. M. returning from Reading at 6 20 P. M., stops at all stations; Pottsville at 8.45 A. M., and 2 45 P. M.; Ashland 8 00 and 11,20 a m, and 1,05 P M; Tamaqua at 9.45 A M., and 1 and 8 55 P M.

Leave Pottsville for Harrisburg, via Schuylkill and Susquehanna Railroad at 7,00 a m.

An Accommodation Passenger Train leaves READING at 7.30 A. M., and returns from PHILADELPHIA at 5,00 P. M

Pottsville Accommodation Train: Leaves Pottstown at 6,20 a. m., returning leaves Philadelphia at 6,30 p. m.

Columbia Railroad Trains leave Reading at 7 08 A M., and 6 15 P. M., for Ephrata, Litiz, Lancaster, Columbia, &c.

On Sundays, leave New York at 8 00 P. M., Philadelphia, 8 a m and 3 15 P. M., the 8 a m train running only to Reading; Pottsville 8 A. M., Harrisburg, 9 35 a m, and *Reading* 1 20, 7 20 a. m., for Harrisburg, 11 22 a m for New York, and 4,25 p. m. for Philadelphia.

COMMUTATION, MILEAGE, SEASON, SCHOOL, and EXCURSION TICKETS to and from all points at reduced rates.

Baggage checked through: 50 pounds Baggage allowed each Passenger.

G. A. NICOLLS,
General Superintendent.

Reading, April 8, 1867.

HUNTINGDON & BROAD T